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The Best for 35c. Per lb.
When required, packed for delivery
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Direct Importing Tea and Coffee Co.
Cor. Douglas and Johnson, Victoria.

Victoria Daily Times.

Household Coal
\$6.00 Per Ton, Delivered,
Weight Guaranteed.
NALL & WALKER,
100 Government St. Phone 83

VOL. 24.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1902.

NO. 94.

Wearing, Tearing Headaches

Are often caused by strain on the eyes through imperfect vision

We Can Permanently Cure Such Headaches

With properly fitted glasses. If we fail we will refund you your money. Have our optician test your eyes. Eyes tested free.

Challoner & Mitchell.



Saturday's Bargain
Sliced Singapore Pineapple
2 lb. tin 15c.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO., CASH GROCERS

CROWN BRAND Oiled Clothing

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods. 21-29 Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

LEADED WINDOWS.

ALL DESIGNS MADE AT

MELLOR'S, 78 FORT STREET.
PURE MIXED PAINT, \$1.50 PER GALLON

PLOWS, STRAW CUTTERS, AND ALL KINDS OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

WILKINSON & FLEURY'S CELEBRATED

General Purpose and Sod Plows

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C.

B&K ROLLEDOATS
THE WORLD'S STANDARD CEREAL FOOD.
The Brakman-Ker Milling Co. LIMITED.

XMAS GOODS

ARRIVING DAILY.

Please examine before purchasing.

HASTIE'S FAIR

77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

\$1 per 100 lbs.
Island grown potatoes, guaranteed good.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., CITY MARKET.

GET YOUR CARTRIDGES

—AS—

John Barnsley & Co.,

115 GOVERNMENT STREET.

KODAKS AND FILMS

Kingham & Co.
Have Removed

Their Coal Office to 24 Broad, corner
Broadway Ave.
OFFICE TELEPHONE, 64.
STREET TELEPHONE, 64.

CHEAP LOTS

3 choice lots, South Turner St., each \$1,425
1 good building lot, Henry St. A Bargain
1 choice lot on Fourth St. Cheap
2 large lots on Fourth St. Open to Offer
1 fine cor. lot on Oak Bay Ave., only \$2,225

P. C. MACGREGOR & CO., 2 VIEW STREET

When buying Whisky see that you get the best. We recommend

SCOTCH

Dewar's
Gaelic
White Horse Cellar
Lagavulin
Ivanhoe

IRISH

Dunville's
Burke's
John Jamieson's
Powers', 3 Swallow

Hudson's Bay Co., Importers.

Read This!

We are offering a number of bargains in real estate and building lots which cannot be beat; terms easy. Call and see us at No. 19 Broad street.

F. G. RICHARDS,
FIRE INSURANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCING, ETC.

LEE & FRASER,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents

FOR SALE

Two story house and lot, Oak Bay Ave., hot and cold water, and good corner lot \$ 800
Six roomed cottage, David St., two lots and good stable 1,500
Landsdowne road, 4 roomed cottage and lot 800
Head St., large house, 2 story, electric light, patent W. C., water front lot, 2,300
James Bay, two good houses and lot, both in good repair and always rented 2,500
Glenford avenue, 5 acres, fenced and cleared 1,000
Crescent road, 10 acres cleared land 1,000
Comox, 100 acres, 50 cleared, 50 wooded, house, 200 fruit trees, 70 acres fenced 6,500
Oak Bay Ave., nice building lot 450
Off Craigflower road, three lots 200
Esquimalt road, one full lot 250
Hutton St., good lots for 125
Duchess Ave., two lots for 250

FIRE, LIFE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

9 and 11 Trowace Ave., Victoria, B. C.

New Vancouver Coal Co. LIMITED.

NANAIMO B. C.

SAMUEL M. ROBIN, SUPERINTENDENT.

Coal Mined by White Labor.

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts - \$5.00 per ton

Sack and Lumps, \$6.00 per ton

Delivered to any part within the city limits

KINGHAM & CO.,
24 Broad St., Cor. Trowace Alley.

Wharf-Spratt's Wharf, Store Street.
Telephone Call, wharf, 49.
Office Telephone, 96.

GENERAL ARRESTED.

Vasquez Charged With Attempting to Incite a Revolution Against Zelaya.

(Associated Press.)

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 11.—The government of Nicaragua has arrested General Vasquez, the former president of Honduras, from on board the South American Steamship Company's steamer Lucapal. The general is charged with attempting to excite a revolution in Central America against President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, who drove General Vasquez from the presidency of Honduras in 1894 for the same offence.

TRAGIC DEATH OF

HON. RICHARD R. DOBELL

Was Thrown From His Horse at Folkestone, England, and Instantly Killed.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Jan. 11.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier received a cable this afternoon stating that Hon. R. R. Dobell, member of the Dominion cabinet, without portfolio, was killed at Folkestone, England.

He was thrown from a horse which he was riding. Death was instantaneous.

Hon. Richard R. Dobell, M. P. for Quebec West, was a son of the late Geo. Dobell, of Liverpool, Eng., where he was born in 1837, and educated at the college in that city. He came to Canada in 1857, and founded the lumber and mercantile firm of R. R. Dobell & Co., Quebec. He was also president of the board of trade, and one of the harbor commissioners for that city, and a director of the Quebec Railway Bridge Company. He was identified with Imperial federation movement, and in 1891 assisted Lord Rosebery in founding the British Empire League.

He was elected to the House of Commons for Quebec West while absent in England in June, 1895, but lost the election in that city. He was elected to the same seat in 1898, and again at the last general election. He entered the Laurier administration on July 13th, 1896, being sworn of the Privy Council and called to the cabinet without portfolio.

He was married to Elizabeth Francis, eldest daughter of the late Sir David Macpherson, K. C. M. G., Toronto.

MUST OBEY POLICE.

Prefect of St. Petersburg Has Issued Stringent Orders.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, Jan. 11.—Owing to recent evidence of a disposition on the part of the populace to demand the demands of the police, General Kiege, the prefect, has caused notices to be posted ordering immediately instant obedience to any orders of the police. In case of failure, the delinquent is punishable by imprisonment for three months, or the payment of a fine of 500 roubles.

Cocos Island.

Several people have requested us to notify them if shares were likely to advance.

To those who would say that on Wednesday, January 15th, shares will be quoted as follows: Full share, \$40; half share, \$20; quarter, \$10.

If you want stock at the present price buy to-day. The number of shares available are limited, and we are safe in saying that inside of a month you cannot buy one for \$100.

Address H. H. JONES or H. BOORMAN, care of Weller Bros.; MISS A. D. CAMERON, Michigan street; A. SCHROEDER, Menzies street; or D. B. CHRISTOPHER, Sumas street; or

Pacific Exploration & Development Co., Limited, 19 BOARD OF TRADE.

Wm. Stewart, LADIES' AND MEN'S TAILOR

Cor. Fort and Broad Streets.

Suits, \$25 and up. Coats, \$25 up.

We are making a special all round reduction in our ladies and men's suitings for this season.

For fit, workmanship and style our suits are known to be the best. The latest and most stylish goods. Homespun Scotch Suitings, Cheviot Serges.

The B. C. Cold Storage and Ice Works

Are now Sole Agents for the celebrated

MT. SINISTA MINERAL SPRING WATER
All orders promptly delivered.
TEL. 44.

ARE TO DECIDE A CRITICAL QUESTION

IMPERIAL MINISTERS AND DUTY ON SUGAR

Important Meeting on Monday—The Erie Traction Company Has Bought European Canals.

(Associated Press.)

London, Jan. 11.—One of the greatest American commercial enterprises in Europe has just culminated here. It consists in the securing of all-water routes for American cargoes of grain and other commodities from inland ports in the United States, to inland ports in Europe, and embraces the purchase by American capital of several British and other canals. Frank W. Hawley, vice-president of the Erie Canal Traction Company, has been on this side several months, quietly securing concessions for the operation of European canals by electricity. The Erie concern to-day secured control of about five thousand miles of canals in England and on the continent. As a result cargoes will shortly be shipped on the same bill of lading from Duluth, Minn., to Brussels, Bruges, Ghent and Cologne, and later to many points in the United Kingdom, France, Germany and Italy.

At the forthcoming session of parliament, the British legislators will be asked to grant permission for the erection of Central Power Stations.

for the propulsion of traffic on at least two British canals. These will be operated with American capital, though their control will nominally remain in British hands.

Mr. Hawley said to-day to a representative of the Associated Press:

"Yes, it is true that the Erie Traction Company is making considerable progress in securing all-water routes by electrically operated canals throughout Europe. I cannot tell you yet the names of the English canals which will figure in parliament. There are in the United Kingdom, 1,138 miles of canals owned by railroads which do not make a very good financial showing, but 2,768 miles of English canals independent of railroads, show earnings of \$729 per mile, which are greater than those shown by many American railroads. However, we have been able

To Get Control

of a portion of these, because their operation and maintenance expenses are over 70 per cent. of their gross receipts. The largest canals in England, viz: The Birmingham, Grand Junction, Leeds & Liverpool, Oxford & Bridgewater, are not far removed from sources of electric power supply; at least nothing like so far removed as is the canal at Oakland, California, where the power is transmitted from the Yuba river, a distance of 140 miles. Therefore it is merely a question of getting the necessary consent of parliament for the conveyance of this electric power before the English canals will be equal to the canals of America and Belgium. Electrical energy has resulted in increased facilities with a corresponding reduction in the cost of operation. The condition of Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M. P., following a serious operation last night,

Is Now Dangerous.

He has been suffering from internal inflammation for some days. Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M. P., for the Ecclesall division of Lancashire in the Conservative interests, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1849. He was formerly civil lord of the Admiralty and was knighted in 1892. His brother, William Lehman, married the Baroness Burdett-Coutts, whose name he assumed.

There will be a cabinet meeting here Monday, which bids fair to be most fruitful to the history of the West Indies, and may vitally affect the United States. Lord Salisbury and his colleagues will then decide whether Great Britain will put a countervailing duty on sugar. The Colonial Secretary will submit a statement, made upon the unimpeachable evidence of the West Indian authorities, that if this step is not taken

The Sugar Industry

in the West Indian islands will be dead within a year, and the West Indies will be hopelessly bankrupt. The British sugar delegates to the Brussels conference will also report that there is no likelihood of the continental nations abolishing bounties, unless Great Britain declares her intention of imposing countervailing duties, should the bounties be continued. The preliminary sessions of the Brussels sugar conference have convinced the British delegates that the continental powers only desire, at the moment, to amend the bounty system, and that this is chiefly due to the hope of placating their own consumers.

The best informed opinions gathered by a representative of the Associated Press incline to the belief that the cabinet will not consent to the imposition of countervailing duties for fear of raising a storm of internal criticism from the old school of free traders, who constitute a formidable wing of the Unionist party. The memorandum which Mr. Chamberlain will present on Monday is worded more in the

Nature of an Ultimatum

than any hitherto presented to the government, and while it does not openly threaten secession, that phase of the

situation has been verbally communicated by the Colonial Secretary.

It is almost needless to add that the decision of the cabinet will be kept a profound secret at least until January 20th, when the British delegates return to the Brussels sugar conference. It is said that Mr. Chamberlain realises the gravity of the crisis, and favors imposing countervailing duties, but the personnel of the cabinet includes so many utterly differing economic views that it is doubtful whether Mr. Chamberlain will win the day.

ALBERTI LIBERALS.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, Jan. 11.—Alberti Liberals elected J. H. Bledsoe, J. King and J. Bedford delegates to the Vancouver convention at their meeting last night. They favor party lines and endorsed the action of the association, which have protested against the position taken by the Provincial Association.

THE PORTFOLIO STILL UNFILLED

MR. McINNES IS NOT MINISTER OF MINES

Rumored Ruction Between the Premier and the Ex-Leader of the Opposition in the House.

There were persistent rumors on the street last night that W. W. B. McInnes, M. P. for North Nanaimo, had been sworn in as Minister of Mines. The story was told with great circumstantiality and was credited among the politicians, owing to the report which has been current for a week or ten days that such a step was in contemplation. However, Mr. McInnes is not Minister of Mines, and in some quarters is said to be much further from that post than he was a few days ago.

Concurrent with this intelligence comes the statement of a ruction between Messrs. Dunsen and Martin. The latter, it is said, has addressed a letter to the Premier, in which he complains that his suggestions have not been heeded and warning the Premier that upon the assembling of the legislature he will withdraw his support and that of his followers from the government. As the ex-leader of the opposition was understood to be the chief sponsor for Mr. McInnes in his claims to a cabinet position, the failure of the Premier to accept his nominee for Minister of Mines may have had something to do with the protest which is alleged to have been sent.

With two ministers and a Speaker to select out of their available forces, the withdrawal of the Martin wing in the House would put the administration in a position of hopeless minority. Even without such a defection, its plight is desperate enough to be designated as "strenuous."

The effect of the sudden call for a meeting of the House will be to create additional interest in the gathering of opposition members at New Westminster on the 15th. There is a possibility that in view of the House meeting a month later it may be considered inadvisable to put up country members to the inconvenience and expense of making the trip to the coast so soon before the session. The date therefore may be advanced to one within a few days of the convention.

John Oliver, M. P. of Delta, has been in the city for several days on business in connection with the department of lands and works in reference to the roads of his district. Like all the Delta and interior members he is gratified that the date for the meeting of the House has been set for February instead of a later date in the spring, when the sessions would interfere very much with his business interests at home. Mr. Oliver is disposed to maintain the independent attitude he maintained throughout the last session.

The Liberals of Esquimalt electoral division were organized last night into an association, and delegates appointed to attend the convention at Vancouver. The following officers were elected: President, John Jardine; vice-president, A. J. Fraser; secretary-treasurer, Joseph Shaw; executive committee, J. S. Annette, J. Foster, G. Bejansen, D. Fraser, G. Webb, L. O. Demers.

The following were selected to attend the convention: John Jardine, John Foster, Jos. Shaw, J. S. Annette, Geo. Bejansen, D. Fraser, with A. J. Fraser and Geo. Webb alternates.

Resolutions similar to those passed at Vancouver were carried, and the delegates were instructed to vote for party lines.

BOMB OUTRAGES.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Jan. 11.—Dispatches received here from Caracas, Venezuela, announce that a bomb was exploded Tuesday last before the house of Senator Mendez, the minister of finance, and that other bombs were exploded in different parts of Caracas. The political situation in Venezuela is unchanged. The success of the revolution depends entirely upon the results of the landing of the adherents of Gen. Matos.

—Signor Salvini is the extra attraction to tonight's drill hall concert, when he will sing Moscheroni's "Eternamente" and Adams's "Adieu Marie." Among the band number will be selections from the "Royal Rogné."

THE FINANCES FOR PAST HALF YEAR

REVENUE INCREASED BY TWO MILLIONS

A Nominal Surplus of \$86,016.24 Over Ordinary Expenditure—A Constitutional Question.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Jan. 11.—The statement of revenue and expenditure for the six months of the present fiscal year, which ended on the 31st December last, has been issued by the finance department. The revenue shows a nominal surplus over ordinary expenditure of \$86,016.24. If the amount expended on capital account is taken into consideration there is still left a surplus of nearly two millions over and above all expenditures. The revenue for the half year was \$27,683,855, as against \$25,731,656 for the same time last year, an increase of \$1,952,199, or in round numbers two millions. The expenditure was \$19,062,231 compared with \$17,208,610, an increase of \$2,273,621 over the same period last year. While the increase in the revenue was largely from customs, there was also a substantial increase from all other sources.

There was a considerable addition to capital account when compared with last year's figures. The total expenditure on capital account was \$5,731,268 as compared with \$4,930,463 for 1900, or an increase of \$800,805. This increase is entirely due to the expenditure on public works, railways and canals. The revenue for the month of December alone shows an increase of over \$300,000, while the expenditure increased about \$50,000. The expenditure of capital account for the month was one million greater than for December, 1900. Over half a million dollars of this increase was upon the payment of railway subsidies and the balance is due to the increased amount paid on public works.

The details are as follows for the six months, compared with the same time last year: Customs, \$14,417,438; \$18,510,647. Excise, \$5,350,643; \$5,787,657. Post office, \$1,594,237; \$1,685,000. Public Works and Railways, \$2,930,695; \$3,196,805. Miscellaneous, \$1,488,443; \$1,263,446. Total, \$25,731,656; \$27,683,855. Expenditures, \$17,208,610; \$19,062,231.

Question of Legality.

J. McDougall, K. C., has raised a point that parliament was not legally called last year on account of the proclamation announcing it being issued in the name of Queen Victoria and before it met the Queen died and King Edward VII. reigned. Mr. McDougall is of the opinion that a new proclamation should have been issued under the King's name. Hon. David Mills, to whom there is probably no higher constitutional authority in this country, says that parliament was summoned under the great seal, and therefore no new proclamation was necessary. After the death of King William IV., Queen Victoria used the King's great seal for 12 months. As a matter of fact Queen Victoria's great seal is still being used in Canada and if there was anything in the point raised, then all orders and appointments under it would be illegal. Mr. Mills, therefore, does not see that there need be any fear that the summoning of parliament was unconstitutional.

Will Apply for Divorce.

Hartford Ashley, of Thorow, Hastings, Ont., farmer, will apply to the parliament of Canada at the next session for a bill of divorce from his wife, Sara Maude Ashley.

Applications.

Dawson City Electric Railway Co. will apply next session for incorporation. Parliament will be asked next session to incorporate the Bishop of the Orthodox Russia-Greek Catholic church for North America and the Aleutian Islands.

The Ottawa and Georgian Bay Canal Company will apply to parliament for an extension of two years from May 1st, 1902, in which to begin construction of its works and an extension of two years from May 1st, 1908, for completion of its works.

Customs Returns.

The customs department has given out to-day the trade figures for the six months of fiscal year ending December. The aggregate foreign trade for that period was \$213,231,093, an increase of \$13,492,000 over the same period of 1900. This includes only domestic exports. There was an increase of over \$8,000,000 in imports and over \$5,000,000 in exports.

TOWNSITE OF CROFTON.

New Settlement Planned at Osborne Near the Smelter Site.

By advertisement in another column the Lenora Mount Sicker Copper Mining Company announces the plotting of a new townsite at Osborne Bay, the site of the new smelter. Capt. Livingstone Thompson, P. L. S., and a party of surveyors are now laying out this townsite which is pleasantly situated near Osborne Bay. As a big population is bound to spring up about the smelter works, this property will be very desirable. The townsite is named after Henry Croft, to whose untiring energy much of the development of the district is due. Lots will be of a uniform size of 50x100 feet. A total of 1,324 lots will be sold. The Mount Sicker railway connects Crofton with the mines.



Campbell's Prescription
Store
 WE KEEP THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRUGS AND
TOILET ARTICLES
 IN THE PROVINCE.
 Prescriptions promptly and carefully
 executed.

EXTRA VALUE IN
TEA BLACK MIXED GREEN **25c. LB.**
 B. C. Butter, September make, very choice 30 cents lb.
 19 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar for \$1.00
 Flour, Bottom Prices.

HARDRESS CLARKE, 86 Douglas St.

FARM EDUCATION
IN RURAL SCHOOLS
WILL BE TRIED IN
EACH OF PROVINCES

Details of Sir William Macdonald's
 Generous Scheme—Aldermen
 to Again Go to Polls.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—Prof. Robertson to-day forwarded to the government details of Sir William Macdonald's scheme for improving education in rural districts. The communication contained the interesting information that the experiment is not to be restricted to Ontario alone, but will be tried at one place in each of the provinces. The intention is to consolidate five or six rural schools at a convenient point changing them into one graded school with a school garden and normal training room as part of the equipment. Sir William will defray the expense. The idea in brief is to introduce technical education for farm life into rural schools. Among the subjects will be: Raising poultry keeping, beekeeping, fruit growing, general gardening; and for girls, the preparation and serving of foods, dressmaking, simple forms of household art, and decorations, and care and cleaning of rooms.

Electric Roads.
 Should the electric railway charters be granted, which the legislature has been asked to pass this year, and further should the companies interested carry out the construction of all lines projected, no less than 1,046 miles will be added to the rural electric railway mileage of the province.

Conductor Injured.
 William McKenzie, street car conductor, while endeavoring to replace a pole on a trolley, was struck on the head by another car and probably fatally injured.

Toronto University.
 The annual report of the Toronto University shows a deficit of \$9,850.37.
 Will Be Interesting.
 Montreal, Jan. 10.—Signor Marconi, who left for New York to-night on route to England, made the interesting announcement at a luncheon tendered him by the Canadian Society of Electrical Engineers to-day that at the annual convention of the society to be held at Quebec in June next, he would make a report of the work done and his future plans. It was announced that Frederic Nicholls, manager of the Canadian General Electric Co., had offered \$500 to the association for the purpose of stimulating study and research. It will probably be disbursed in the form of prizes for papers on electrical subjects.

Aldermen Elect Resign.
 St. Thomas, Ont., Jan. 10.—The Times and Labor council has decided to protest the election of all aldermen recently elected on the ground that some voters had voted in several divisions, whereas they only have a right to vote in one. As a consequence, the aldermen-elect will resign in a body and go to the polls again.

REDMOND IS CHAIRMAN.
 Irish Parliamentary Party Decide to Fill Vacancies in Commons.

Dublin, Jan. 10.—At a private meeting of the Irish Parliamentary party, held in the Mansion House here to-day, John Redmond was unanimously re-elected chairman. The other officers and committee members were also re-elected. The meeting decided to take immediate measures to fill the place of any Irish member of the House of Commons who may be sent to prison.

VACCINATING STUDENTS.
 Princeton, N. J., Jan. 10.—The authorities are taking every precaution to prevent the spread of smallpox among the students at Princeton University, and the students are being vaccinated as rapidly as the work can be done. The only case of the disease so far reported is that of H. H. Savage, a sophomore, from Trenton.

India and Persian
 Dept. 15 Broad St., Victoria.
 Persian Rug, Tiger and Leopard Skins, Drapes, India Embroidered Work, etc. Import orders taken for all kinds of Oriental produce.
 GEO. CARTER.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.
 United States House Committee Considering Question of Government or Private Ownership.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The house committee on commerce took up the subject of the Pacific cable to-day. The main question is whether the cable shall be constructed by the government or by private parties.
 George G. Ward, vice-president of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company, stated that contracts had been made for completing a cable to Honolulu by November 1st next, and the company intended to extend the cable to Manila within two years from next November. Half the cost is between \$10,000,000 and \$12,000,000. Mr. Ward placed the rate to Manila at \$1, and Honolulu 35 cents a word.
 The hearing will continue to-morrow.

YOUR TIME IS VALUABLE.
 You save time, yes, and money too—when you come to us direct and have your prescriptions filled.
 All our drugs and medicines are warranted as far as strength and quality are concerned.
 Our modern facilities for absolutely correct dispensing enable us to serve our patrons quickly and well.
 Come to us for Feeding Bottles, Toilet Goods, Perfumes, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, etc.

AN IMPORTANT ITEM.
 Special attention is directed to our fresh stock of Paine's Celery Compound. This marvelous medicine is recommended to you with full confidence. Paine's Celery Compound makes pure, rich blood; it banishes rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, stomach troubles, liver complaints and kidney diseases.
 T. G. Hitt, Druggist, Victoria West, B. C.

FILIPINOS SURRENDER.
 Number of Natives in Batangas Province Will Lay Down Their Arms.

Manila, Jan. 10.—Col. Mariscal, Maj. Johnson and a renegade priest, Castillo, who stole a valuable image of the Virgin from the church, by which he obtained large sums of money, have surrendered unconditionally to Admiral Bell, who is conducting the campaign against the insurgents in Batangas province. They had control of the district of Tondo, extending westward to the sea, including the towns of Bataan and Guisano. The agreement is that those who surrender absolutely on Monday every man and gun in their district. They estimate that 100 guns will be turned in. Many men and guns have been captured during the past few days, and small engagements occur daily.



Safe.
 The little child is safe from ordinary dangers in the care of the faithful dog. But neither the dog's fidelity, nor mother's love can guard a child from those invisible foes that lurk in air, water and food—the germs of disease. Children need to be specially watched and cared for. When there is loss of appetite, lassitude and listlessness in a child, an attempt should be made to revive the appetite and rally the spirits. In Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery parents have found an invaluable medicine for children. Its purely vegetable character and absolute freedom from alcohol and narcotics commend it to every thoughtful person. It is pleasant to the taste, unlike the foul oils and their emulsions offered for children's use. "Golden Medical Discovery" makes pure blood and sound flesh, and absolutely eliminates from the system the poisons which feed disease.
 Mrs. Ella Gardner, of Waterville, Middlesex Co., Va., whose daughter suffered from marasmus, pneumonia and catarrh, writes: "My little daughter (ten years old) died. I am glad I found a doctor who could cure my child. She took twelve bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' eight bottles of 'Pell's,' and one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and she is well. We thank God for your medicine."

Give the little ones Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets when a laxative is needed. They're easy to take and don't gripe.

NEW YORK COLLISION.

Tunnel Inspected and the Signals Thoroughly Tested.
 New York, Jan. 10.—District Attorney Jerome, State Railroad Commissioner Baker, Assistant District Attorney Garvan, and Supt. Franklin, of the railroad, made a trip of inspection through the tunnel to-day. A thorough examination of the working of the block signals system. Tests were made also of the distance at which lights could be seen through the smoke and steam in the tunnel. The signals in all their workings at 50th St. and 56th street, where the accident occurred, were gone over and closely examined and tested.
 The surgeons at Bellevue hospital said to-day that Thos. P. Murphy, whose leg was amputated last night as a result of injuries received in Wednesday's tunnel accident, had rallied from the operation and had good chances of recovery.
 Murphy's nerve in telling the rescuers not to release him from the wreck if so doing would endanger others, attracted much attention to him, and he has been in the way of the remarkable patient. Bellevue has ever seen. His cheerfulness under the terrible injuries he received astounded everyone at the hospital. Many messages of inquiry concerning him were received yesterday, and members of his family and a committee of the Knights of Columbus remained all night at the hospital to hear how he was progressing.

BRavery OF WOMEN.
 Passengers on Walla Walla Tell of Conduct of Mrs. Hastings and Miss Williams.
 The survivors of the Walla Walla accident speak in the most eulogistic terms of the two Victoria ladies who were in the wreck and were saved. Of Mrs. Hastings a San Francisco paper says: "Mrs. O. Hastings, of Victoria, was one of the women passengers who were saved from going down with the steamer or through the bravery of the men on board. She was given a place in the second lifeboat that was lowered, along with nine men and one woman. For four hours and a half the men used the oars in an attempt to reach land, and then the steamer Dispatch, which had already picked up one boat, was sighted by the shipwrecked men and women. Mrs. Hastings at no time lost her presence of mind, and acted as bravely as the men. When picked up by the Dispatch she retained her good spirits."
 F. W. Daly, of Everett, who was one of the eight men on the raft with Miss Williams says the men placed her in the centre, and sought to protect her from the wind and waves.
 "We were a sorry looking lot of people when day dawned," said Daly. "The men were haggard, and poor Miss Williams looked as if she might faint at any moment. The waves dashed over us every minute, half drowning us. Miss Williams was the bravest of all of us. I believe. She talked to us encouragingly and in every way showed that she was made of the right stuff. The poor woman must have suffered untold agony, as her pinched face and deep-set eyes indicated, but to hear her talk you would have thought we were on a pleasure trip."
 Theodore Haight, who was on the same raft said: "All during that trying ordeal Miss Williams was the bravest of the lot of us. There was not one discouraging word from her, and she frequently asked that some of us take some of the clothing she had when she almost died with the cold. She was suffering more than many of those who wanted to make the sacrifice for."

BANK ASSIGNS.
 Directors Say No Depositor or Customer Will Lose a Dollar.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 10.—The Euclid Avenue Trust & Savings Company made an assignment to-day to Attorney Frank H. Ginn. His bond was fixed at \$250,000.
 Subsequently Mr. Ginn made the following statement: "The directors of the bank decided to make an assignment for the benefit of all creditors for the reason that the bank has been unable to realize upon its assets rapidly enough to meet the demands which have been made upon it recently. The directors state that no depositor and no customer of the bank will be harmed by the assignment, and that the bank is solvent, and that its patrons have been able to meet obligations to the bank with sufficient rapidity to take care of the unusual withdrawals."
 According to the last published statement of the bank issued October 1st, 1901, the capital stock paid in amounted to \$200,000; total deposits, \$2,984,002; individual deposits, \$2,197,773; surplus funds, \$265,000. Henry A. Everett, of the Everett-Moore Syndicate, is named as a director of the company, but the officials declare that he has never borrowed one cent from the institution.

A HITCH.
 China Must Grant French Demands Before Minister Presents Credentials.

Pekin, Jan. 10.—The French minister, M. Beau, refuses to present his credentials until China fulfils certain demands of the French government. The joint audience of France and the new Chinese ministers, which had been arranged, has been postponed because of M. Beau's action. His colleagues are discussing whether to support him or not. A repetition of the Turkish incident is considered possible.

BUELOW'S TRIBUTE.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—During debates on estimates in the Reichstag, Herr Rasmann declared to-day that the National Liberal party would oppose any suggestion of a loan of 35,000,000 marks to cover the deficit. Financial reform was necessary and the National Liberals were not averse to direct imperial taxation.
 The chancellor, Count von Buelow, making a general reply to the preceding speakers, took occasion to pour oil on the recently troubled British waters. He spoke sharply against the abuse of Mr. Chamberlain, indulged in by several speakers since the opening of the debate as well as against the aspersion cast on the honor of the British army, to which the chancellor paid a warm tribute.

SEVEN PER CENT. DIVIDEND.

New York, Jan. 10.—The board of managers of the Delaware & Hudson Company has declared the regular dividend of seven per cent. for the year 1902, payable in four quarterly installments.

BRIEF DISPATCHES.

The Dowager Empress of China yesterday followed up her friendly advice by verbal messages to several of the ministers, thanking them for the care they had taken of the princess, and expressing pleasure at the reception accorded her by the foreigners on the occasion of their Majesties' re-entry to Peking.
 The impression is gathering force among the supporters of the tariff bill in the German Reichstag and amounting almost to a certainty that the bill cannot be passed in its present form, even if the minimum grain duties be stricken out, and that the government may have to drop the measure altogether.
 M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier of France, will deliver an important speech at St. Etienne next Sunday, when he will define the entire policy of the government. As this occasion will be the opening of the ministerial electoral campaign, several members of the French cabinet will accompany the premier to St. Etienne, and about 100 senators and deputies will be present there.

One good housekeeper told me she always had perfectly fresh eggs when eggs were not always fresh, and this is the way she did it: When they were cheap and fresh she dipped them for an instant in a wire plate-drainer, and then packed them away in the refrigerator. Mrs. Larned in the Woman's Home Companion.
STOPS THE COUGH
AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.
 Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Let Me Tell You How to Get Well.

Send no money; simply state the book you want. I will tell you what to do and a lifetime in learning.
 With the book I will send an order on your druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; and he will let you test it a month. If satisfied, the cost is \$5.50. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.
 I do just as I say. Over half a million people have secured my treatment in that way, and 25 out of each 40 have paid for it because they were cured. Not a penny is accepted if it fails.
 There are 39 chances in 40 that I can cure you. No matter how difficult your case, I take the entire risk, for those half million cures have proved what my remedy can do. My way is to strengthen the inside nerves. I bring back the nerve power which I am making each vital organ do its duty. No other remedy does that; and in most chronic diseases there is no other way to well. Don't let doubt or prejudice keep you from asking about it.
 Simply state: Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia, which book: Book No. 2 on the Heart, which book: Book No. 3 on the Kidneys, and Book No. 4 for Women.
 Send Book No. 5 for Men (needed). SHOOP, Box 18, Racine, Wis.
 Mild Cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

ATHLETICS.
HALL A PROFESSIONAL.
 (Associated Press.)
 New York, Jan. 11.—A letter has been received by Secretary Sullivan, of the Amateur Athletic Union, from the secretary of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union, at Montreal, saying that at an executive meeting of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union Dr. George McK. Hall, of Buffalo, had been declared a professional athlete. At the last meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union the Hall case was discussed and referred to the Canadian Association. The Amateur Athletic Union will abide by its decision, and Hall will not be allowed to compete as an amateur in the United States.

THE RING.
ERNE RETURNS.
 (Associated Press.)
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IN THIRTEENTH ROUND.
 Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 11.—Jimmy Burns, of Spokane, knocked out "Mexican Pete" Everett in the 13th round at the Salt Lake Athletic Club last night.
HAWKINS GOT DECISION.
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FOUGHT TWENTY ROUNDS.
 Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 11.—Al. Nell, of San Francisco, was given the decision over Mike Donovan at the end of a 20-round bout last night.

Macdonald has a population of about 4,000,000. Three-fourths are Christians and one-fourth Turks. Nearly half are of Belgian ancestry.

Paine's Celery Compound
Strengthening and Health-Giving
Is the Best Mid-Winter
Medicine.

This Is the Season When the System Should Be Fortified and the Blood Made Pure.
 At this time when thousands are confined for hours each day and night in badly ventilated homes, offices, stores and workshops, the system should be fortified and the blood thoroughly cleansed, so that disease may be successfully resisted.
 Paine's Celery Compound is the best mid-winter medicine for all ailing, weak and run-down men and women. It is the world's great disease banisher and system builder. It quickly furnishes nutriment for the insensate nerve fibres; it promotes the "organs of digestion" to bricker action; it enables the wasted body to build up flesh and muscle, and dissipates the seeds of deadly disease. To all who have hollow faces, hollow cheeks and sunken eyes, betokening ill-health, we say use Paine's Celery Compound and you will find a new and happier existence. New blood, fresh vim, energy and activity gained in January and February will give you a solid foundation of health for the coming spring time. Mrs. Hopper, Thornhill, Ont., says: "With very great pleasure and satisfaction I wish to add my testimony to what has already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility and run-down system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound, I determined to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done me more good than I can express. For ten years I doctored with other medicines without any good results; but, after using Paine's Celery Compound, I am perfectly restored to health, can eat well, digestion is good, and my sleep is sweet and sound. Altogether, I am a new woman. I always recommend Paine's Celery Compound to my friends."

Light That Light
NOTICE.
 The Victoria Gas Co., Ltd., are now installing complete WELLSBACH LAMP FREE of cost, charging the nominal sum of 5 cents per lamp per month for meter and gas.
 Apply Gas Works,
 F. H. HEWLETS,
 Superintendant.
 Phone 782.



THE TURF.
CRESCUS WON OVER \$70,000.
 Toledo, O., Jan. 10.—George B. Ketcham, the owner and driver of Crescus, announced to-day that during the year he received more than \$70,000 in purses and as money for exhibitions given in various parts of the country by Crescus. The horse was to-day taken to the Ketcham farm, where he will remain during the winter.

THE OAR.
INTERNATIONAL CONTEST.
 Ottawa, Jan. 10.—Lord Minto has received from the Lord Lieut. of Ireland a programme of a proposed international rowing contest to be held in Irish waters on July next, to encourage amateur rowing and to give an opportunity to clubs of all nationalities to meet.
 Lord Minto trusts that it may be found possible to send a representative eight to compete for the cup, which will be not less than £250. Lord O'Brien, chief justice of Ireland, gives the cup, and the race will take place on the River Lee, near Cork.

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 Phone 782.

NATIONAL CELEBRITIES

Declare Pe-ru-na to Be the Greatest Catarrh Remedy of The Age.



CHIEF JUSTICE CHAMBERS, OF SAMOA.
 Says: "I can recommend Peru-na as one of the very best remedies for catarrh. I recommend Peru-na to all sufferers."

Senator John M. Thurston, of Omaha, Neb., writes:
 "Peru-na entirely relieved me of a very irritating cough. I am a firm believer in its efficacy for any such trouble."

Peru-na can be obtained for \$1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. "The Life of Life," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores, and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

Hon. William Youngblood, Auditor of the Interior, writes from Washington, D. C., to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., as follows:
 "I've often heard of you great medicine and have persuaded my wife, who has been much of a sufferer from catarrh, to try Peru-na, and after using one bottle she has wonderfully improved. It has proved all you have claimed for it."

Hon. Rufus B. Merchant, Superintendent and Disbursing Officer, U. S. Post Office, Washington, D. C., says:
 "I take pleasure in commending your tonic, having taken a bottle of Peru-na with very beneficial results. It is recommended to me as a very excellent catarrh cure."

Congressman David F. Wilber, of Oneonta, N. Y., writes:
 "I am fully convinced that Peru-na is all you claim for it after the use of a few bottles."

Congressman Irvine Dungan, of Jackson, O., writes:
 "I desire to join with my many friends in recommending your invaluable remedy Peru-na to anyone in need of an invigorating spring tonic, or whose system is run down by catarrhal troubles."

We have letters from thirty-eight members of Congress attesting to the virtues of Peru-na. Thousands of people in the common walks of life use it as a family medicine.

For book of testimonials address The Peru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

M. T.
 Can you read this proverb?
 PROVERB PUZZLE.
 ENGRAVERS.
 BUSINESS MEN who use printers' ink need Engraving as effective as illustrations. Everything wanted in this line made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 29 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Out for catalogues a specialty.
 ZINC ETCHINGS—All kinds of engravings on zinc, for printers, made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 29 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Maps, plans, etc.
 HALF TONES—Equal to any made anywhere. Why send to cities out of the Province when you can get your Engraving in the Province? Work guaranteed, prices satisfactory. The B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., No. 29 Broad St., Victoria, B. C.
 PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.
 A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad Street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 158.
 JOHN COLBERT, 4 Broad street, plumber, gas, steam and hot water fitter, ship's plumbing, etc. Tel. 822. P. O. Box 543.
 SECOND-HAND DEALERS.
 BLOOD AND RACE IS THICKER THAN WATER. Sell your junk at Eden's Licensed Junk Store, 125 Fort street. Copper, brass, bottles, sacks, coal-oil cans, etc. Large orders called for.
 SCAVENGERS.
 JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, success or to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned; contrivances made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocery. John Cochran, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 130.
 UPHOLSTERING AND AWNINGS.
 SMITH & CHAMPTON, 100 Douglas street. Upholstering and repairing a specialty, carpets cleaned and laid. Phone 718.

WANTED.
 WANTED—Clean cotton rags at Times Office.
 WANTED—Two rooms, with board, for married couple; must be in good locality. Apply A. Z. Times Office.
 MEN AND WOMEN WANTED to work at home; good wages. Write Glasgow Workless Company, Dept. C, Toronto.
 WANTED—To purchase, houses of furniture, etc.; cash paid; no delay for auction returns. Curiosity Shop, opposite Dominion hotel. Most reliable.
 WANTED—A reliable servant for family of three. Apply F. O. Box 140.
 VOTERS LIST WANTED—A copy of the last Provincial Voters List wanted at the Times Office. Will be paid for on sending to this office.
 BUSINESS OPENING—Experienced successful business man would invest moderate amount in paying concern, with services; competent to take entire office or other management; traveled extensively; hustler and good correspondent; thorough and painstaking; with best references. Legitimate offers address "Business," care of Times.
 MEN AND WOMEN to represent us as \$1200 A WEEK pointing agents. BONA FIDE SALARY. Some to travel, some to stay. Best plan old established. Bradley-Garrett Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.
 BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRED—64 Johnson street, opposite Saunders' Grocery. All work guaranteed; best material used; charges reasonable. J. J. Felsburg (late of H. Mansell), manager.
 FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, with breakfast if preferred. Apply 40 Gorge road.
 TO LET—Two story frame warehouse, corner of Douglas street and Queen's avenue, with living rooms upstairs, well adapted for store or manufacturing purposes. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street.
 A FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS, with entire use of kitchen, at 120 Vancouver street.
 TO LET—Six roomed house, on Whitcomb street. Apply at 128 Government street.
FOR SALE.
 FOR SALE—\$15 cash will buy a 5-drawer Singer sewing machine, in good order, at will rent for \$2 per month. No. 35 Fort St., between Douglas and Blanchard Sts.
 PRINTING PRESS FOR SALE—The Galt press, on which the Daily Times was printed for several years. The bed is 32x47 inches, and in every respect the press is in first-class condition. Very suitable for small daily or weekly office. It cost \$1,200; will be sold for \$600 cash. Apply to Manager, Times Office.
 FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Farm. Apply 101 Douglas street.
 FOR SALE—English and Irish setter pups. Apply Thos. Finlay, Bicycle Store, Broad street.
SOCIETIES.
 VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE No. 1 meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p. m.
 VANCOUVER & QUADRA, No. 2. A. F. & A. M. Third Wednesday of each month, Masonic Temple, 81 Douglas street. A. Maxwell Muir, Secretary.
LOST AND FOUND.
 LOST—On Thursday, black field spaniel, answering to the name of Roy. Answer returning same to 114 Superior street will be rewarded.

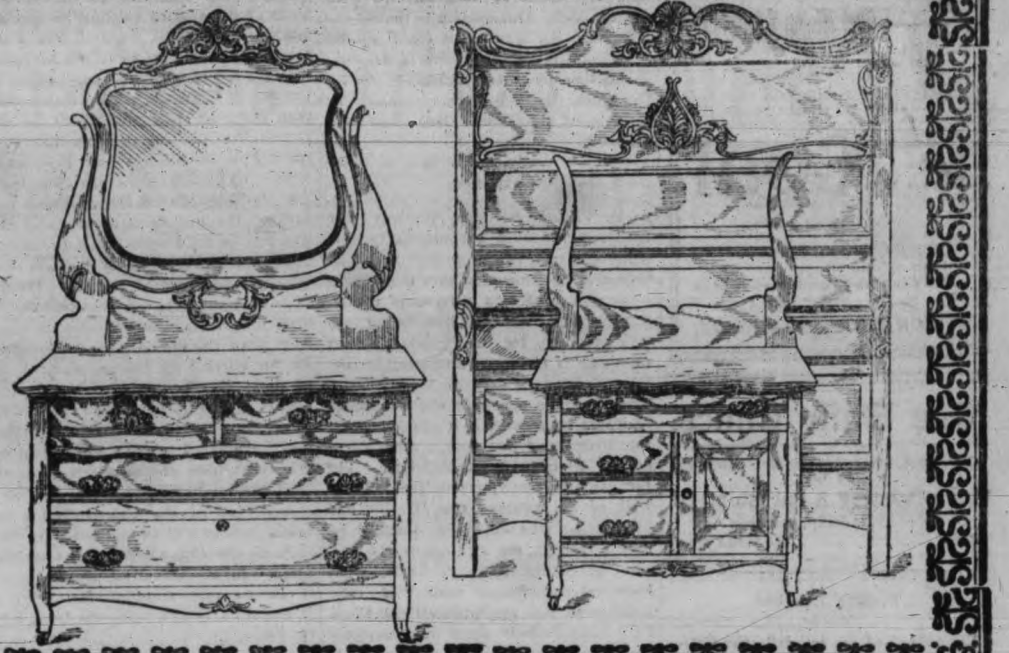
A New Line of Rattan Chairs AT WEILER BROS.

The latest in "Rattan Goods" will be found on our fourth floor, where we have a nice display of "Black Japanned finished chairs," upholstered in a variety of materials, and at prices that will soon clear them out. A late shipment of Pretty Mahogany Drawing-Room Cabinets have also been opened up, and for artistic treatment and medium priced goods we venture to say that you have not seen the like. A special line of "Bed-room Suites" at remarkably low prices. We want to prove what we say about these Suites, and we are satisfied that you will endorse every word when you see the goods.

WEILER BROS.

The Complete House-Furnishers,
Victoria, B. C.

Write for Catalogue, or any information you desire.



Havana Cigars

CESARES,
FLOR DE MILANO.
NON PLUS ULTRA
FLOR DE MILANO.
AROMATICOS,
FLOR DE MILANO.
PURITANOS,
FLOR DE MILANO.
CONCHAS ESPECIALES,
FLOR DE MILANO.

DAMAS, FLOR DE MILANO.
CABELLIEROS,
BENI. FRANKLIN.
DUGNESAS,
BENI. FRANKLIN.
UPMANN'S,
HENRY CLAY'S ETC.

R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.,
IMPORTERS.

MUCH IS PROMISED FOR NORTH WARD

CANDIDATES ADDRESS MEETING IN SCHOOL

Redistribution, Park, Better Sewers,
Streets and Economy in Civic
Finances Favorite Themes.

A well attended meeting was addressed by the candidates running for North ward in the school, Douglas street, last night. R. Erskine was voted to the chair.

In opening, Geo. Jeeves moved that the speakers be limited to a specified time in which to express their views.

Conforming with the suggestion, Ald. Beckwith was given the first opportunity of speaking. He it was who was responsible largely for the calling of the meeting. When he entered the council three years ago his greatest ambition was that of carrying out permanent improvements. He was always an advocate of a larger expenditure of the city funds in North ward because that section of the city represented about two-thirds of the city's area. He touched on different improvements effected during his term on the aldermanic board, namely, the new main on Government street and the electric lighting system, promising in regard to the latter that he would endeavor, if re-elected, to increase the number of lights in outlying districts. He spoke in particular of what had been done for North ward, and was of opinion that the wants of the ward might in future be considered together—that it might be possible for the city engineer to meet the ratepayers periodically and ascertain what was mostly needed.

He believed in the division of the North ward, and promised that if re-elected he would give this matter his early attention. In regard to the extension of the sewer system, he was prepared to support any good proposition advanced. There was a wrong impression entertained in regard to sewer rentals. It was erroneously believed by many that only those having sewer connection paid rentals. He believed in the inspection of all drains and expressed his views respecting the Point Ellice bridge structure. One other matter he desired to mention; he would do his best to have the streets along which the railway passed macadamized and kept in first class condition.

Mr. Jeeves asked if the railway company could not be made to do this work.

In reply the alderman explained the terms of the by-law compelling the company to keep the road in repair between the rails, and for two feet outside the rails.

Mr. Turnbull then asked where the stone for the new bridge would come from.

Ald. Beckwith said he was not a contractor, but assumed Mr. Turnbull that there was plenty of good stone suitable for the structure in the immediate locality.

Ald. Kinsman was the next speaker. He could not see how all the improvements were going to be carried out, the

takation being now very high. Touching on the bridge subject, he reminded his listeners that he was one of the "solid four," not of the "solid six." He then went into the history of the affair, and criticized Ald. Beckwith's conduct in connection with the same. The James Bay bridge contract he reviewed at length, explaining the stand taken by the different members of the council, and asked how it was that Ald. Beckwith had voted for awarding the contract for the supply of sandstone, involving what he considered \$1,800 extra expense.

He was in favor of the extension of the sewer system to as many parts of the city as possible. He was in favor of a stone bridge providing the Dominion government sanctioned it, but did not think that this permission could be secured. In speaking of the bridge matters, he reminded all that James Bay bridge was not built yet. All the supplies required for that bridge were brought from Vancouver. He had been exposed to the railway entering the streets without due compensation to those whose property suffered. The road depreciated the valuation of property in one part 50 per cent., if it increased it in another 25 per cent.

Watson Clarke, another of the candidates, was disappointed with the expenditure of the city's funds. He complained of the treatment the outside districts received. Seventh street, for which it was proposed to give a grant of \$700, was a good sample of what other streets were, which he considered disgraceful. As for the sewer system, he asked why the old one was not workable. Although in favor of solid improvements, he was opposed to borrowing money indiscriminately. He was a large property owner, and believed in a systematic plan of carrying out all public improvements.

As a working man he asked for the suffrage of the working men. So far as city work was concerned, he was in favor of a fair day's pay for a fair day's work, and if the ratepayers wanted taxes kept down, and the money spent economically, he asked that he be elected.

H. M. Grahame, the next speaker, said that there were several important matters to come before the council during the coming year, which he would deal

with briefly. The redistribution of the North ward he again declared himself in favor of, and pledged himself, if elected, to do what he could towards the accomplishment of this desired end. He argued that the present distribution was not equitable, and submitted the following figures to show the disproportionate standing of the wards:

North Ward—Voters, 2,244; acreage, 2,482; value of land \$3,508,930; improvements, \$2,203,230. Total, \$5,712,160.
Central Ward—Voters, 1,074; acreage, 374; value of land, \$3,927,000; improvements, \$2,385,340. Total, \$6,312,340.
South Ward—Voters, 1,343; acreage, 1,781; value of land, \$3,204,070; improvements, \$1,964,150. Total, \$5,168,220, including government buildings and convent hospital.

The mileage of the streets he gave as follows: North ward, 43 miles; Centre ward, 10½ miles; and South ward, 28½ miles.

Victoria West should be given representation in the council. At present that section of the city contributed to the support of the sewer system and water system, while yet receiving no benefit from them. Mr. McCandless's sewer scheme, he approved; he believed in the construction of a stone bridge at Point Ellice, as the wards above would never be used for navigation purposes except at an enormous expenditure. In regard to a park for North ward, he drew attention to a plot of land situated near Montreal street, which still belonged to the government.

He was not in favor of the late Sir James Douglas, and he believed that this property could be exchanged for some suitable acreage in North ward for a park. He said he would see that in regard to any amendments in the Municipal Act that would be proposed, that the city members would be notified in good time so that they might be properly brought before the House. The speaker complained of the bad streets in the northern part of the city, and promised, if elected, to bring about a general improvement.

Mr. Jeeves said he had always worked for the interests of North Ward, and challenged Ald. Beckwith to point out where any expenditure had been made in the North ward between Hillside avenue and Bay street equal to the amount he had paid into the city in taxes. He referred to the bad drainage, and advocated the immediate construction of a bridge at Point Ellice. As for the stone required for such a structure, he spoke of the high quality of that found on Nelson Island, which he described as the best anywhere to be found. In regard to the building of the bridge, he wished to say that in his experience with architects he had worked with a great number, and had found that the men who were most successful would acknowledge that they had learned a great deal from mechanics. As a mechanic he thought that a segment arch was stronger than an elliptic arch, and that the 80 foot span would be too much, and that the proposed arch was too flat. He was an advocate for a park in North ward, and thought that there was plenty of acreage available for the purpose. He believed in the local improvement principle method of carrying out public work, and in regard to the stone rejected by the council for the James Bay causeway, that refused was now being used for the foundation for the new government building. In conclusion, he spoke of the inability of a number of workmen to secure work, of Americans being able to obtain situations refused them, and of giving good wages where competency was shown.

A. G. McCandless was the last candidate heard. He had no intention of coming out eight or ten days ago, but did so because he believed that unless the right man came out the improvements wanted would not be carried out. He was satisfied with the way a number of the public works were now being carried out, and claimed a little credit for paying the way for some of the improvements now under way. He again told the electors of his views regarding the taking over of the Indian reserve, and referring to the Darcy Island lighthouse, declared himself opposed to the present method of maintenance. He had assurance, however, that if the proper representations were made, this grievance could be overcome, and that the Dominion government would make the necessary refund to the provincial government. He favored redistribution and personally believed that eight elected, as are the trustees, could best serve the interests of the city. The taxes, he thought, large, but they would not be felt if the desired improvements could

be carried out and the city made to prosper. Victoria would be sure to go ahead, and those who now realize \$12 a month in rent would shortly demand \$15 for the same. This sanguine view was bound to be taken by any one going up the E. & N. railway, and seeing for himself the progress made, especially at Mount Sicker. The mines of the Kootenay would not compare with those on the Island, and in a short time they would be the means of greatly increasing the population.

In conclusion Ald. Beckwith and Yates took exception to what had been said by Ald. Kinsman regarding the awarding of the stone contract at James Bay bridge, and spoke for some time, again going into the history of the affair.

E. A. Lewis announced himself a candidate for the trustee board, and expressed himself in favor of the government purchasing and printing the school books. This meeting then adjourned.

revenue (specifically) for school purposes, a sum of \$30,000 at least has been received above all that has been asked for in the way of appropriations during the last five or six years. The ratepayers have been overpaid to the extent of nearly one mill during those years, from 1896 to 1901. What has become of this large amount of money? It has been absorbed in the ordinary civic expenditures. If this amount had been put on interest to the credit of the public schools' account, the ratepayers would never have been asked to vote the borrowing of money for the erection of the new High School building, for it is evident that a review of the following tabulation from the three sources of revenue:

(1) government per capita grant—2½¢ the revenue tax and (2) the two mill rate—that the money would have been provided over and above all that has been sought in the way of appropriations by the various school boards:

Receipts.
1896. 1897. 1898.
G. G. \$18,171.88 \$18,785.54 \$19,552.24
R. T. 10,775.00 10,800.00 10,810.00
M. R. 21,127.22 21,065.00 23,080.54
Interest 32.14 14.75 37.00

Expenditure.
1896. 1897. 1898.
Janitors \$2,507.00 \$2,475.00 \$2,590.00
Fuel 885.88 1,068.75 1,308.00
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had at heart nothing less than the wisest and most economic administration of the affairs entrusted to its ability and judgment. I could say much more, but as the ratepayers are likely to have the opportunity of meeting the trustees during one evening at least of next week, I will refrain from saying more until then.

ALFRED HUGGETT.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

To the Editor:—Mayor Hayward's letter about the cost of civic education naturally raises the larger question of municipal burdens. Undoubtedly the school bill has gradually but steadily increased during the last five years, as also has nearly every branch of municipal expenditure. Take, for instance, the gross public debt, which, for a city of 21,000 people, has now assumed colossal magnitude. Here are the comparative figures:

Public Debt.
1897 \$1,824,000
1898 1,904,000
1899 1,751,000
1900 1,840,000
1901 2,117,500

Now, this requires for interest and sinking fund, together with the interest upon the Victoria & Sidney debentures and also the interest upon the annual loan, the following:

1897 \$135,645
1898 138,350
1899 137,428
1900 128,000
1901 128,448

It should be mentioned that a \$20,000 loan was repaid in 1898, thus reducing the gross debt, and a portion of the city debt was repaid and converted into a new loan in 1899, again reducing the gross debt.

Now, assuming that one mill upon the dollar on real estate produces \$120,000, which is an average amount, it shows that the following rate of taxation was necessary for debt and interest purposes:

1897 11.20
1898 11.33
1899 10.63
1900 10.85
1901 10.70

Of this amount the educational loan of \$80,000, borrowed in 1895, demands \$4,400, and the High School By-law of this year of \$30,000 demands \$1,400, which is equal to 40 mill upon the dollar. When, therefore, complaint is made about the high rate of taxation it should be clearly laid down that the interest and sinking fund column is the heaviest of all. Presuming that no further loan is made in the year 1902, and assuming that the council must provide \$15,000 this year for the Ferry By-law, this column will then rise to \$143,448, requiring 11.35 mill upon the dollar to balance it. Perhaps in another letter I may show the enormous additional increase to taxation caused by the pernicious habit of borrowing.

The non-responsible, partly appointed police commissioners should render an account of their stewardship. Their accounts furnish interesting reading. Here they are:

1897—\$23,394, requiring 1.05 mill.
1898—\$23,206, requiring 1.03 mill.
1899—\$23,294, requiring 1.04 mill.
1900—\$27,811, requiring 1.23 mill.
1901—\$28,066, requiring 1.24 mill.

The fire department is a study in itself in the way of increased cost:

1897—\$18,294, requiring 1.32 mill.
1898—\$18,508, requiring 1.37 mill.
1899—\$27,000, requiring 2.30 mill.
1900—\$26,180, requiring 2.18 mill.
1901—\$28,475, requiring 1.95 mill.

In considering the school bill and its burden upon real estate, the loans of \$115,000 must be eliminated, as they are charged against the \$120,000. It is also proper to subtract the contributions made by the provincial government in the shape of the capitation grant and the poll tax, the cost of collecting the latter being deducted. The year 1902 will see a fresh arrangement with the government, the \$10 capitation grant being increased to \$15 and the poll tax being entirely withdrawn. For purposes of comparison the years 1

The New Vancouver
Coal Mining & Land Co.
LIMITED.
Supply from their Nantahala Coal and Protection Island Quarries.

Steam Coal
of the following grades:
Double Screened Lump,
Run of the Mine,
Washed Nuts and Screenings.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS - SUPERINTENDENT

The Daily Times.
Published every day (except Sunday) by the
Times Printing & Publishing Co.
W. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.
Office: 26 Broad Street
Telephone: No. 45

PARTY LINES.

With much of the article in the Colonist this morning on party lines in provincial politics the Times is able to agree. We have maintained that apparently the only way in which stability in the public affairs of the province can be secured is by the introduction of federal party lines. If such a change in our political system were brought about it would not create conditions which would prevent a member from withdrawing his support from one side and giving it to another whose policy more fully met his ideas of what was for the benefit of the country. But it would compel a member to give adequate reasons for the transfer of his allegiance. The trouble with our political institutions in the past has been that the tie which binds our public men together has not been strong enough. Many of our members have been elected as "independents" and could not be placed until the first vote of the session was taken. As under natural laws large bodies attract smaller ones, so under our free and easy system the wandering units gravitated to the stronger side—the side which held power and from which most favors were to be expected. This has long been recognized as an evil, but within the last few years it has become a scandal. The last and greatest upheaval of all resulted in the opposition being transferred almost bodily to the government side. Naturally such spectacles have produced a demand for measures calculated to put an end to them. But no declaration of a convention in favor of party lines can change this state of affairs. The Colonial speaks by the book when it says: "We will have federal lines in local politics when a leader comes to the front who will be able by reason of his personal force and the strength of his policy to command the united support of one federal party or another and seek for no support outside of the particular party with which he is associated. In other words, the introduction of federal lines in the local field will depend upon leaders and not upon conventions." The time must be opportune for such a political revolution. The change must be brought about gradually and naturally. Discussions in conventions may educate public opinion up to the point necessary for such a momentous departure from custom, but it is obvious that a declaration by a mere majority can have little effect unless the party on the opposite side accepts the challenge and takes measures which will solidify and concentrate all the forces. Mr. Dunsinuir has both Liberals and Conservatives in his Ministry and is supported by Liberals and Conservatives in the House. Is it to be expected that if the Convention of Liberals to be held shortly in Vancouver should pass a resolution in favor of party lines that he will divide the sheep from the goats and tell them to range up according? The same considerations apply to the party opposing the government. There is no political Moses at the present time who could stretch forth his rod and create such an arbitrary division of the electors of British Columbia.

THE C. P. R.'S POLICY.

The superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company gives as a reason for unfair treatment of Victoria in the matter of Northern transportation the lack of adequate coal facilities and the high wages of longshoremen. We should like to hear the candid opinion of the citizens generally upon such a petty excuse, together with the hint it contains that no amendment may be expected upon the part of the company. The C. P. R. is supposed to have acquired large interests here when it took over the property of the C. P. N. If the allegations of Captain Troup are capable of substantiation, it would naturally be expected that one of the first acts of the company would be to supply itself with modern coal appliances. Then its servants would not be under the necessity of standing up before intelligent men and making such ridiculous excuses. A short time ago

the plea on behalf of discrimination was that the water around Victoria wharves was not deep enough for C. P. R. vessels; now we are told the docks do not stand high enough out of the water and that the wages of longshoremen here are too high. Our opinion is that if the will were not wanting it could quickly be demonstrated that there is as little foundation for these difficulties as for the claim that the waters around Victoria were dangerous. But there is a grim sort of satisfaction in knowing that Victoria is receiving the sort of treatment that was expected.

The Victoria & Sidney Railway has been referred to in a bantering tone in many quarters; in one quarter it and its tin-pot ferry connection have been sneered at and alluded to in terms of withering contempt. We hope this feeling may continue, for the Victoria & Sidney Company is the one transportation concern that stands between the people of Victoria and a monopoly which seemingly would be pleased if it could transfer the business of this port to other places on the island and the mainland. The farmers and country people generally, as well as the business men of this and other cities who have been brought together through the medium of the Victoria & Sidney Railway, realize what improved and cheaper means of communication has accomplished for them. In a comparatively small way monopoly has been broken and modern methods have been substituted for the makeshift system of a few years ago. There is not so much complaint as formerly about exorbitant charges. It has been asserted in interested quarters that there is no virtue in railway competition. At any rate, few of the residents of the islands want to go back to the old system. Competition is of the utmost importance to Victoria—of vastly more importance at the present time than many of us imagine. The development of the island metalliferous mines has commenced. It is a matter for congratulation that the first producing mine of importance is in control of a man who is friendly to this city, who is not one of the abnormalities that takes delight in injuring rather than benefiting to the utmost of his power the place which should be the centre of all his interests. In the vicinity of Mount Sicker there will soon be thousands of people working in the mines and the smelters connected therewith. We understand that the Victoria & Sidney Railway intend to run a steamer from the terminus of the road to this rapidly growing place. We hope the report is true and that our Board of Trade is doing all in its power to bring about such a consummation. Our natural advantages should make the business relations between Victoria and the Mount Sicker communities most intimate. But we shall have competition, and in view of recent developments it is not unreasonable to assume that we might have been compelled to compete at a disadvantage, but for an institution which we admit has cost us much, but which promises to return value in full unless the monopolies should unfortunately be driven to the conclusion that there is virtue in competition and gobble it up.

The criticism of Capt. Troup upon our coal facilities directs attention to a matter which should be of considerable importance to Victoria. With the principal coal mines of the coast situated within a few miles of us, with means of transportation by land and sea, and with the steamers of lines doing business in all quarters of the globe calling here almost daily, it seems inexplicable that a trade in coal of great importance has not been established at this port. Our fuel is far superior to any that can be obtained in the United States. It seems reasonable to suppose that if bunkers were established for the coaling of such vessels their owners would avail themselves of the best fuel that could be had at the most convenient point. The owners of some of the steamers have been in the habit of sending them to the mines for their bunker supplies, and it is fair to assume if such could be had at a more convenient place it would be an advantage to all concerned. No doubt an explanation can be given for inactivity in a direction in which activity seems to promise so much. Such an explanation would prove of considerable interest to the public at the present time.

A WESTERN PARTY.

The Colonist now advocates the formation of a Western Party, possibly for the purpose of assisting in putting its Western Policy into operation. Our contemporary is hard to please. Neither Conservatives nor Liberals come up to its ideals. It must have a party all its very own, perhaps with a leader nominated by itself. We have a very fair nucleus for a first-class Western Party already in the Liberal members representing constituencies west of Port Arthur. The idea is not new. It was advocated before and rejected because it was believed more good could be accomplished in the regular way. If the Western members should form themselves into a ring to extort concessions, the Eastern members might combine to circumvent them. The better way would appear to be to avoid the creation of cliques and combine. The government is kept fully informed upon the needs of the West by the members for the West. If it does not act as promptly as some of us con-

sider desirable, that is a fault of which all governments are accused. Reference has been made by way of comparison to what the federal government of the United States has done, or is about to do, through ship subsidies to extend the trade of its western territory in foreign markets. We think when all things are taken into consideration it will be found that the aid given by the government of Canada is relatively much greater than that given by the government of the United States. All the principal lines running steamers direct from British Columbia to foreign ports are subsidized. The Canadian Pacific line to China and Japan, the line to Australia and the steamers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, plying between Victoria and San Francisco, are all assisted. Do the ships that sail between Seattle and Tacoma and foreign ports receive anything more than the ordinary mail subsidies? As for stirring up the government to its duty, the Western members in this respect appear to have done fairly well. In previous articles we have shown that they have urged a policy of internal development upon the ministers to fairly good purpose also. When the new ship subsidy bill of the United States becomes law it will be necessary to consider its possible effects upon Canadian trade. In the meantime there appears to be no real necessity for either a Western Party or a leader to speak with its voice.

The Associated Press seems to exist largely for the purpose of convincing the inhabitants of this continent that the United States is gradually capturing the trade of the world. Yet the foreign trade of that country showed a marked decline last year. The output of the British shipyards was the largest on record. A short time ago we were told that the cable which is to be laid between San Francisco and the United States Pacific possessions was constructed in all its parts by American skilled workmen; shortly after an official of the cable company said the cable had to be procured in England because no company in the United States was prepared to undertake such a contract. Cable building is a work which is still exclusively confined to Great Britain, possibly because protection cannot be extended beyond the three mile limit. Boomsters have no respect for facts.

The tragic death of Hon. R. R. Dohell was a most lamentable occurrence. He was a man of independent means and served his country for years for no other reward than the approbation of his own conscience. He worked most assiduously to secure the establishment of a line of fast steamers between Canada and Great Britain. He did not live to behold the fruits of his labors.

It is worthy to note that the nation which pays no ship subsidies other than to a few specially fast steamers for naval purposes and the regular mail subventions still dominates the ocean and turns out the largest number of ships annually.

FROM OLD QUEBEC.

The Historic Capital Furnishes a Story of Interest to Many.

The newspapers in and around the city of Quebec are just now relating the story of a well known French Canadian gentleman who for years has been a martyr to Dyspepsia. The sufferings Mons. Bouchard endured have been beyond the power of tongue or pen to describe. His pains were very severe, so much so that for two years he had but little pleasure in life. Dyspepsia wrought its worst punishment in him and nothing he could do seemed able to in any way alleviate his distress.

At last, however, he has found a cure. Dods' Dyspepsia Tablets have met and conquered his Dyspepsia, have relieved him of all his pains and distress, and have made him a full and hearty man of him. He is very grateful and full of praise for Dods' Dyspepsia Tablets, which he says "have made a new man of me."

This story should be of greatest interest to thousands who are now suffering just as Mons. Bouchard did before he found Dods' Dyspepsia Tablets. If this remedy cures one such acute and advanced case it surely will cure any case of Stomach Trouble.

It is but reasonable to at least give a trial to a medicine that has proven itself to be effective in so very many cases. Dods' Dyspepsia Tablets are no experiment but a tried and proven remedy for Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Bloating, Flatulency of the Heart or any of the many symptoms of deranged or impaired digestive machinery.

Mons. Bouchard's address is, 300 St. Vallier, Quebec.

PERSONAL.

Rev. W. J. Sippell was a passenger from the Mainland by the steamer Champlain last evening.

Capt. G. W. Robertson arrived from Vancouver last evening by the steamer Champlain.

Frank Higgins and bride returned from their honeymoon trip last evening.

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Big Reductions
ON
Tailoring Music
For Two Weeks, Commencing Monday, 13th., AT
ALEX PEDEN'S
Merchant Tailor,
36 FORT ST.
Successor to Geo. R. Jackson.

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And all things musical.
The up-to-date music store.
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Good Time for the New Year



Have your watches and clocks put in good order so that you can make a good start in 1902. If you bring them to us we can repair them for you and make them keep good time at a very moderate cost, and guarantee to give you satisfaction. Special attention paid to Repeating, Chronograph and English Lever Watches.

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43 GOVERNMENT STREET.
Established 1862.

Beautiful Watch Free
Absolutely Free—Do You Want to Earn a Beautiful Watch?
(For men or ladies) by using only a few moments of your spare time? Every one wants a Watch, and we offer a BEAUTIFUL ONE ABSOLUTELY FREE for introducing our Miracle Pills. Boys or girls can earn these watches by saving a few moments of their time after school. Send us at once your name and address and we will send you one dozen boxes of our Miracle Pills which we have advertised so much. Sell these at 10c a box and send us \$2.00 by registered mail and we will send you a FREE watch, which we know will please you. Everybody who has received one has been delighted. The watch is filled with gold, and fully guaranteed for one year. Our pills are the best remedy known for Dyspepsia, Heart Trouble, Constipation, Nervous Diseases, Indigestion, Stomach Ache, etc. They are easily sold. Do not delay, but send your name at once and we will send you the Miracle Pills and full description of the beautiful watch. WRITE TO-DAY SO AS TO BE THE FIRST ONE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD TO BEGIN WORKING FOR US. To those wishing to get the watch with pills, if they send us a money order for \$5.00, being a reduction of \$1.00, we will send both the pills and the watch. WRITE TO-DAY.

R. COTE & CIE., Bic, Rimouski Co., P. Q.
SPECIAL OFFER—Should you desire to see a sample box of our pills we will send a full box to everybody sending us 10c. in stamps.
(Mention this paper.)

LEGAL NEWS.

Chamber Court Held at 10 a. m.
Brooks Case May Come Up on Monday.

There appears to be some misapprehension amongst members of the legal profession as to the hours for holding Chamber court. The rules of court require that a Chamber summons shall be returnable at 10.30 a. m., unless such hour is altered by leave. As the Full court sits at 11 a. m., a direction was given from the bench that during the Full court sittings, Chambers should be held at 10 a. m. In consequence of this direction not being clearly understood, no one appeared in support of several of the applications which were on yesterday's Chamber list, and the applications were stood over or struck off, with liberty to apply to restate. The following matters were disposed of by Mr. Justice Martin.

Hayes vs. Wilson. Motion for judgment. J. P. Walls for plaintiff, H. B. Robertson for defendant. Stood over, time to be fixed.

Lowie vs. Cawston. J. H. Lawson, Jr., moved for an extension of eleven days in time for redemption, which was granted.

Bartlett vs. Tiarks re Russell claim. An application for a testing order was granted. J. T. Lawson, Jr., for plaintiff, L. Bond for estate, Geo. Jay for claimant.

In Chambers this morning Mr. Justice Martin disposed of the following applications: Riether vs. Poirier. An application was dismissed with costs, and leave granted plaintiff to serve defendant's agents in Vancouver with notice of a fresh application returnable in Victoria on Tuesday next. F. Peters, K. C., for plaintiff, A. P. Luxton for defendants. Canadian Bank of Commerce vs. Icy Straits Packing Co., A. Magnusson, T. Earle and A. Robertson, garnishees, T. M. Miller for plaintiff, asked that an application to make absolute a garnishing order of 28th ultimo be adjourned until Monday, which was granted, A. C. White for garnishees.

Dunsinuir vs. Dunsinuir. M. Griffin for plaintiff, asked for an order for discovery of documents, A. P. Luxton for defendant, consented to the order on its applying to both parties, which was granted.

Bartlett vs. Tiarks. The Collister claim came up for further consideration, and was allowed. F. B. Gregory for plaintiff, L. Bond for estate.

Full Court.
The Chief Justice was unable to sit in the Full court again yesterday. The appeal re Assessment Act, and re lot 1, Alberni district, was partly argued, their Lordships Justices Walkem, Irving and Martin constituting the Court. The appeal is in the nature of an application on behalf of the owners of the townsite of New Alberni for leave to appeal against alleged over-assessment to the Full court, and to introduce new evidence on such appeal. A. D. Crease is counsel for the appellants, A. Maclean, Deputy Attorney-General, representing the Crown. Argument of this appeal was continued this morning, but is not yet completed.

The Court stated that if the Chief Justice could not sit on Monday, the Crown case reserved in Rex vs. Brooks would be heard, to be followed by Haggerty vs. Lenora Mining Co. If, how-

ever, the Chief Justice is well enough to be present the list in regular order would be followed, commencing with Brackman & Ker vs. Oppenheimer, re Florida Mining Co. coming next.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS cure backache, aches, scanty, cloudy, thick and highly colored urine, diabetes, dropsy and all troubles arising from a weak condition of the kidneys.

HELP THE OVERWORKED HEART.—Is the great engine which pumps life through your system hard pressed, overtaxed, groaning under its load because disease has clogged it? Dr. Agnew's Care for the Heart is nature's lubricator and cleanser, and daily demotes to heart sufferers that it is the safest, surest, and most speedy remedy that medical science knows. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—67.

—Carpets taken up, thoroughly beaten and relaid on short notice. We have a few nice carpet squares made up from short lengths of carpets, and which you can buy to advantage. Weiler Bros. *

Burdock Blood Bitters.

CURES SCROFULA.
Mrs. James Carr, Uxbridge, Hastings Co., Ont., says: "My little boy, two and a half years old, was in a terrible condition and suffered a great deal from scrofulousness. My husband bought a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters for him and gave it to him, and by the time he had finished the second bottle there was not a sore to be seen. On account of this wonderful cure I can honestly recommend B. B. B. to all who suffer from any disease arising from bad blood."

CURES BOILS.
Mr. Oliver J. Murray, Charlottetown, P.E.I., writes as follows: "About six months ago I was troubled with painful boils, for which I could get nothing to cure me. As a last resort I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle completely rid me of boils, and my health was never better than at present."

Auction Sale
On
Wednesday, Jan. 15th,
at 126 Blanchard St., at 2 p. m., by the
Cuthbert, Browne & Co., Ltd.
Valuable Furniture, Piano, Elegant Carpets, Etc.

Particulars Monday.
It is to your best interests to consult us if you wish to dispose of your furniture or merchandise. We conduct Auction Sales on commission, or buy your goods outright for spot cash. Cash advanced.

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
Auctioneer.
Telephone 685.

Stock Taking Is Over
Our prices are away down this week in several lines. We are reducing our stock to make room for other Groceries. Take advantage of the low prices. Buy now and save from 20 to 25 per cent.

CONGO TEA, extra choice, 5 lb. boxes \$1.00
MACON TEA, choice, 5 lb. boxes 90
COFFEE, in lb. tins 10
MACON TEA, in mustards 20
SPICES, Assorted, in tins 10
SPICES, Assorted, in glass 10
SALT WAFFLES, per lb. 10
CHRISTIE'S SHORTBREAD, per lb. 20

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.
PHONE 28.
39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Fit-Reform Stock Taking Sale
Continues. Reductions in all Lines.
Full Dress Suits and Priestley's Cravenette Coats alone excepted.
Tall men, short men, stout men, regular men, youths, Boys, all can be fitted.
FIT-REFORM
73 GOVERNMENT ST.

"Mason & Risch" Planos
Special inducements to purchasers during January. Call on us, or write for catalogue.
The Hicks & Lovick Piano Co.
(Formerly Gideon Hicks & Co.)
SOLE AGENTS, 88 GOVERNMENT ST.

W.A. Jameson
Dealer in Fine Teas, Coffee, and Fancy Groceries.
Rickshaw Brand Ceylon Tea
We have reduced 10c. a pound, and will now sell to you:
Golden Tipped Pekoe 50c. lb.
Flowery Pekoe 40c. lb.
Pekoe Souehong 35c. lb.
Souehong 25c. lb.
33 Fort Street
TERMS—Strictly Spot Cash; No Credit.

Dominion Elections
Victoria
Liberal-Conservative Association
Meeting Will Be Held on
Tuesday, 14th day of Jan. 1902
Instant, at 8 p. m., in the

Pioneer Hall
BUSINESS—To elect a candidate to contest the constituency at the forthcoming by-election; to take such action and transact all such other business as may be necessary.
All Liberal-Conservatives are invited to be present.
H. DALLAS HELMCKEN, President.
Dated January 7th, 1902.

LIBERAL CONVENTION
A convention of the Liberal electors of the Victoria Electoral District will be held in the
A. O. U. W. HALL
—ON—
Monday, the 13th January
Instant, at 8 p. m., for the purpose of nominating
A LIBERAL CANDIDATE

For the forthcoming election of a member of the Dominion House of Commons. All Liberal electors in the Electoral District are requested to attend.
Dated the 1st day of January, 1902.
LYMAN P. DUFF,
President of the Victoria Liberal Ass'n.
A. B. FRASER, JR.,
Secretary, Pro Tem.

SOUTH VICTORIA LIBERALS.
The members of the South Victoria Liberal Association, and other Liberals, will meet in Colquhoun Hall on Friday afternoon, 24th January, at 4 o'clock, to appoint delegates to the Vancouver Convention.
J. F. CHANDLER, H. TANNER,
President, Secretary.

MERCHANTS, LAWYERS, ETC.
Make a good resolve this year of grace 1902, and purchase a

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER
It is the kind that "makes business." It is, when used aright, a "business builder." We will be pleased to start the building on a good foundation, if you will confer with us.

M.W. Waitt & Co.
Sole Representatives,
44 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SELECT SCHOOL
—FOR—
Young Ladies and Children
ST. ANNE'S ACADEMY
(Incorporated Institution)
HUMBOLDT STREET, CITY.
Thorough Primary, Intermediate and Grading Courses. Complete Commercial Course, Bookkeeping, Pitman Shorthand and Touch Typewriting. Largest list of pupils in positions in the city. Music department affiliated to the best College in the Dominion. Latest course followed, certificates issued in each section, viz.: Junior and Intermediate; Diploma given in Senior course. Courses in Solfege and Harmony free to regular music pupils.
For terms apply to the Academy.

January Sale
25 per cent. Discount
ON ALL OUR
Fall Millinery, Blouses, Wrappers, ETC.
Begin January 2nd
Stevens & Jenkins
84 DOUGLAS ST.

DISCUSSING THE STEAMBOAT TRADE

ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR COMING SEASON

Capt. Troup Gives No Hope of Direct Service—Board Affiliated With Dawson City.

The quarterly meeting of the Victoria Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon. There were present: President McQuade, Secretary Elworthy and Messrs. S. J. Pitts, J. A. Mara, E. M. Johnson, J. Schell, J. Mitchell, S. Jones, D. R. Kerr, C. Courtenay, Col. Prior, T. Earle, W. Christie, G. A. Kirk, A. B. Fraser, Sr., E. Wootton, A. B. Erskine, C. H. Lagrin, C. A. Holland, B. H. Heisterman, B. Boggs, H. M. Grahame, Capt. Clarke, C. Dubois Mason and others.

The president outlined the business which had been before the board during the quarter.

S. J. Pitts suggested that a few thousand copies of the article by E. F. Knight in the London Spectator on Victoria should be distributed. The board having no funds it was referred to the Tourist's Association.

A letter was read dealing with affiliation with the Dominion Board of Trade from the secretary of that body, and the necessity for a Dominion board in view of the conference of colonial premiers at the time of the coronation.

The secretary read a letter explaining that the Dominion board resembled the affiliated Chamber of Commerce in the old land. The only expenses were those for printing and the secretary's salary. The meetings of the board being during the session, Mr. Mara pointed out that one or both of the city members could be designated as delegates, thus entailing no expense. The board accepted the invitation and will affiliate with the Dominion body.

Senator Templeman, T. Earle, M. P., A. Flumerfelt and C. H. Lagrin, were elected to represent the board.

In reference to the trade the president mentioned the recent visit of the steamship superintendent of the C. P. R. He understood that the contract for the new steamers had been given, but they would not be ready this year. No information had been received in regard to raising the White Pass railway. The minister at Ottawa had been urged that he hear the representations of coast merchants before assenting to a tariff.

D. R. Kerr said if the C. P. R. were not going to charter a passenger boat for the northern route, the Hating making her home port in Vancouver, Victoria would have no passenger boat at all. Representations to this effect, he suggested, should be made to the C. P. R.

The subject of monthly rather than quarterly general meetings was introduced by the chairman. Personally he wasn't sure the system would work. A special meeting could be called at any time in forty-eight hours.

C. H. Lagrin thought the board would be more useful if more of its members took part in its affairs. The organization on the coast doing the most work for the city with which it was connected was the Seattle Chamber of Commerce. It met monthly and often.

Fifty to a hundred business men met there once a month to discuss the city's affairs. Ten years ago a quorum could scarcely be got together. Today its voice was heard throughout the United States and listened to. Meeting once a quarter was like courting a girl by going to see her once a year.

S. J. Pitts moved that monthly meetings be held. It would create more interest and enthusiasm. It was a loss to the city to have a board which did not do its duty. The resolution carried. The next meeting will be held on the third Friday of next month so as not to clash with other organizations. Mr. Pitts suggested that every member who voted for the resolution be present at the next meeting.

Capt. Troup, manager of the C. P. N., who attended by invitation, here entered, and the matter of a better passenger service was laid before him by the president.

Capt. Troup said the company was now weak in boats, not being able to get new steamers here for the summer. They would have to do with the Charmer for the ferry service this year. They had been unable so far to charter a passenger boat to run with the Hating, and make a five-day service. If they could not his idea was to run the Hating on a ten-day service through to Victoria. If she did so, however, it would be unsatisfactory to both the people of Victoria and the company owing to coaling facilities being better in Vancouver and the cost of loading ideas.

Wharves here were lower, too, making it harder to coal. She would stop at Vancouver, come to Victoria, load her freight here and the passengers would come up to Vancouver by the Charmer. The Amur and Danube would also be run if necessary. The schedule had not been definitely decided, but was suggested.

S. J. Pitts suggested that the Hating coal at Vancouver and then come down here, sailing from Victoria last of all.

Capt. Troup said they would have to continue making Vancouver the first and last port of call.

Mr. Pitts pointed out that by this

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

is especially used monthly by over 1000 Ladies. See, for full details, Leaflet sent you free for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all mixtures, pills and ointments are dangerous. Price, 50¢ per box. No. 1, 50¢; No. 2, 10¢; No. 3, 25¢; No. 4, 50¢; No. 5, 75¢; No. 6, 1.00; No. 7, 1.25; No. 8, 1.50; No. 9, 1.75; No. 10, 2.00. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont. No. 1, 50¢; No. 2, 10¢; No. 3, 25¢; No. 4, 50¢; No. 5, 75¢; No. 6, 1.00; No. 7, 1.25; No. 8, 1.50; No. 9, 1.75; No. 10, 2.00. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in Victoria at all responsible drug stores.

method they would lose their passenger trade to the Dolphin and City of Seattle.

Capt. Troup said they would have to run the risk of that.

If another boat was scheduled she would follow the same arrangement.

S. J. Pitts asked if the arrangement whereby Sound boats kept out of Vancouver and Victoria was to be continued this year.

Capt. Troup said that no arrangement had yet been made for the present season.

In reply to another question Capt. Troup said he thought two companies had the bulk of the freight last year.

Capt. Troup was thanked for his presence, and D. R. Kerr for his framed photograph of the room.

H. H. Abbot and P. T. Patton, were elected members and the board rose.

Epilepsy Cureable.

A DISEASE THAT HAS LONG DEFIED MEDICAL SKILL.

Mr. M. A. Gauthier, of Buckingham, Give His Experience for the Benefit of Other Sufferers From This Terrible Malady.

From the Post, Buckingham, Que.

We venture to say that in our town of 3,000 inhabitants few business men are better known than Mr. M. A. Gauthier, the young and hustling butcher of Main street. He wasn't, however, as energetic or as bustling a couple of years ago as he is to-day, and for a good reason—he wasn't well. Having gone into business he was reaching his majority his desire to succeed was such that no heed was paid to keeping the body in the state of health necessary to stand a strain, and in consequence of the extra demands made upon the system it became run down to such an extent that epilepsy or falling sickness resulted, and these lapses into unconsciousness became alarmingly frequent. He consulted physicians and took some remedies, but without beneficial results. Finally seeing Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised as a cure for falling sickness he decided to give them a trial. As to the result the city members could be designated as delegates, thus entailing no expense. The board accepted the invitation and will affiliate with the Dominion body.

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No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in Victoria at all responsible drug stores.

NOMINATIONS TO BE HELD ON MONDAY

IMPOSING ARRAY OF CANDIDATES IN FIELD

Spirited Fight for Aldermanic Honors Is Promised—School Trustee Aspirants Multiplying.

Nominations for mayor, aldermen and school trustees take place at the city hall on Monday from 12 o'clock noon to 2 p.m. The elections will be held on Thursday, the polling booths being open from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. in the following places: For mayor and school trustees, court room, city hall; for aldermen, market building. W. W. Northcott will act as returning officer.

Early next week carpenters will commence work in preparing the booths for polling, the same arrangement prevailing as in the past.

This year the electors will have a rare field of aldermanic candidates to pick from. There are some strong men among them, and if they are selected the city's affairs will be in excellent hands. This week has witnessed the inauguration of a vigorous campaign, four meetings having been held, one by South Ward candidates and the other three by North Ward aspirants. As yet the Central Ward candidates have held no meeting, but doubtless they will have their fling next week.

Some have been conducting a systematic canvass; others do not believe in canvassing, and prefer to impress the electors from the platform and through the press, while others, still both canvass and orate. The various meetings so far have been prolific of the usual advocacy of needed improvements from a sewerage system to minor sidewalks. The Point Ellice bridge question has occupied a prominent place in the campaign, and judging by the various views expressed by the candidates when the new couplet comes in the matter will be thoroughly threshed over again. There seems to be a strong advocacy of a stone bridge, and Mr. Northcott's plan have come in for considerable attention.

It is now a foregone conclusion that Mayor Hayward will have a clear field, no candidate having yet expressed his intention of measuring strength with the present chief magistrate. This morning there were twenty-five candidates, and the list is growing rapidly. There are eighteen for aldermen and six for school trustee. Trustee Drury being the only one of the returning school legislators who may again enter the lists. It was at first thought that the election of school trustees would be comparatively tame, but the candidates for aldermen are multiplying, and there is time before the nominations to introduce several dark horses in the arena.

The eighteen candidates for aldermen are divided into six for each ward. Of these seven have sat in the aldermanic semi-circle for the past two terms—some of them more. Of the remainder several have had past experience in municipal legislation, while there is a number of freshmen.

The candidates up to noon to-day were as follows:

For Mayor.

Charles Hayward.

For Aldermen.

North Ward—J. L. Beckwith, Watson Clark, H. Graham, G. Jeeves, Jno. Kinsman and A. G. McCallister. Central Ward—E. Bragg, Wm. Humphrey, A. P. Linton, R. T. Williams, T. I. Worthington and J. S. Yates. South Ward—H. Barnard, H. Cooley, W. G. Cameron, Thornton Fell, Jno. Hall and F. W. Vincent.

School Trustees.

Beaumont Rogers, Mrs. Jenkins, E. A. Lewis, S. Matson, B. S. Oddy and R. J. Perry. Mr. Drury is as yet undecided.

MURDER BY MINER.

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 10.—A cold-blooded murder was committed at the New Sharon Steel company's mine, 18 miles west of here, this evening. Henry Grant, almost instantly killed Wm. Jenkins. Jenkins was shaft boss on the gang sinking the shaft and Grant had been in charge of the drilling machines. He proved unaccountable, and was reduced to help, while Jenkins put his brother in Grant's place. Grant became jealous and just as the men quit work this evening, Grant slipped up behind Jenkins, plunged a big knife through his body, and ran, escaping in the confusion.

FATAL QUARREL.

Galesburg, Ills., Jan. 10.—Ed. Chener, a discharged prisoner from the state penitentiary, shot his wife and her sister, Mrs. Lettice Gohern, this evening, both of them through the back and lungs. He then shot himself through his head, dying instantly. Both women are fatally injured. A domestic quarrel is alleged to be the cause of the crime.

A free fight, in which several men were seriously wounded, occurred at Valentine, a village just outside of Marquette. There was a ball at Valentine, and a number of Italian workmen became uninvited guests. The proprietor of the ballroom summoned the local gendarmes, but when they arrived the foreigners stood back to back in the room, and fired until they had emptied their six shooters, seriously wounding three villagers. They then fled. The gendarmes, and caught outside of Marquette. The villagers outran the policemen and badly ill-used one Italian, rendering others senseless.

POOR MAN.

Pettibone—Women are paradoxical creatures!

Pittsburg (weekly)—Yes. My wife has got one of those hats that they wear at an angle of 45 degrees, and she is forever asking me, "George, have I got my hat on straight?"



Madame Dulcinea Magnan.

The case of Mrs. Magnan is one of the most remarkable in the history of the treatment of tuberculosis (consumption) by any means. There have been no more extraordinary recoveries made under the personal supervision of Koch, Virchow or any of the great European scientists who have given this disease a life study. It proclaims the fact most eloquently that consumption, a hitherto rightly dreaded plague can be successfully treated by Powley's Liquefied Ozone—the new preparation of oxygen in liquid form.

Read these declarations and reports the like has never before appeared.

MRS. MAGNAN'S SOLEMN DECLARATION.

DOMINION OF CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC, CITY OF MONTREAL. In the matter of cure of **MRS. EDOUARD ALPHONSE MAGNAN.** I, **DULCINEA ALLARD**, wife of Edouard Alphonse Magnan, residing at 705 Cadieux St., in the city of Montreal, do solemnly declare that about two years ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs and developed into a serious case of consumption and I was treated by two of the leading physicians of the city of Montreal, but without receiving any special benefit gradually growing worse.

That during my two years illness I was frequently confined to my bed and it was not expected that I would live, my case being considered hopeless.

That in the month of May last I procured a bottle of Powley's Liquefied Ozone and continued taking the remedy till the middle of August, nineteen hundred and one.

That from the first use of the remedy my health began to improve and I gained in weight.

That the improvement continued until my health was entirely restored.

That in the month of August, 1901, I was examined by Dr. A. Johnston, of 194 Bleury St., Montreal, who pronounced my lungs perfectly sound and my general health—condition good.

That I believe that my restoration to health is entirely due to the use of Ozone—having during the period referred to taken no other medicine.

And I made this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the "Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Declared before me at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, this 20th day of September, A. D. 1901.

THE HUSBAND'S AFFIDAVIT.

DOMINION OF CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC, CITY OF MONTREAL. In the matter of cure of **MRS. EDOUARD ALPHONSE MAGNAN.** I, **EUGENE ALPHONSE MAGNAN**, residing at 705 Cadieux St., in the city of Montreal, Commercial traveler, do solemnly swear that I am the husband of Dulcinea Allard—residing with me at above address.

That my wife was seriously ill with consumption for a period of two years and her condition was such that the doctors in attendance held out no hopes of her recovery.

That in the spring of nineteen hundred and one my wife began the use of Powley's Liquefied Ozone and used the remedy until the month of August last when she was entirely restored to health and when she was examined by a physician of high standing and pronounced to be free from disease.

That I attribute my wife's cure and restoration to health entirely to the use of the Ozone she having used no other preparation.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the "Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Declared before me at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, this 20th day of September, A. D. 1901.

THE DAUGHTER'S STATEMENT.

DOMINION OF CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC, CITY OF MONTREAL. In the matter of cure of **MRS. EDOUARD ALPHONSE MAGNAN.** I, **MISS DULCINEA MAGNAN**, residing at 705 Cadieux St., in the city of Montreal, do solemnly declare that I am the daughter of Edouard Alphonse Magnan and Dulcinea Magnan, residing at 705 Cadieux St. in the city of Montreal.

That a little over two years ago my mother contracted a severe cold which developed into a serious case of consumption from which the doctor in charge said she could not recover.

That in May, nineteen hundred and one, my mother began the use of Powley's Liquefied Ozone which she continued to use regularly until the month of August following when she was pronounced cured. She is now attending to her household duties and is as strong and well as she ever was.

That I am of opinion that her recovery was entirely owing to the use of the Ozone.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the "Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Declared before me at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, this 20th day of September, A. D. 1901.

DR. JOHNSTON'S REPORTS.

THE OZONE CO., Ltd. On August 9th, 1901, I was asked by the Ozone Company to examine Mrs. E. A. Magnan, residing at 705 Cadieux St., Montreal, and report on her condition. She gave me the following history:

Age 40. Married. Had nine children. Never had any serious illness, strong and healthy until two years ago. At that time she took a bad cough with profuse greenish expectoration, followed in a short time by a hemorrhage, and felt very weak and sick, so much so that from last November until May she was in bed most of the time, had copious night sweats and a disgust for any kind of food, and could do very little work. In May, 1901, she began taking Ozone, and immediately her appetite began to return and she felt better. The expectoration became less and in a short time she was able to resume work. On examination, I find heart normal and no lesions that I could find in the lungs. She says at present she has a good appetite and can eat as much as her husband; bowels regular, sleeps well; face cheerful, eyes bright; cough and expectoration almost gone, and she is at present attending to her household duties. She says that Ozone has put her on her feet again. (Signed) A. JOHNSTON, M. D., Montreal, P. Q.

Further Report from Dr. Johnston, re Mrs. E. A. Magnan.

THE OZONE CO., Ltd. Montreal, P. Q. Gentlemen: According to your request, on August 14, I again visited Mrs. E. A. Magnan, 705 Cadieux St. I found no trouble in her lungs and she looks well and strong. She feels well and attributes her present good health to taking the Ozone, and I have no doubt she is right. She has gained in flesh since I last saw her. (Signed) A. JOHNSTON, 194 Bleury St., Montreal, P. Q.

You can't want any stronger proof than these sworn statements that Powley's Liquefied Ozone does cure Consumption. It does it in a simple way, too. Nature's way: the best way. No compound of drugs, no alcohol, simply oxygen in liquid stable form prepared only by us, requiring at least twelve days to turn out the finished product. Nothing else like it, truly a medical wonder.

If you are troubled with pains in the chest, slight cough, catarrh of the nose or throat, hoarseness in the morning, loss of appetite or tired feeling, look out, take them in time and save yourself years of suffering and possibly death.

Powley's Liquefied Ozone is blood food, destroys the germs of consumption, stops their attack and heals the broken lung tissues. Cures you, not for a little time, but for all time. It doesn't cost much to prove it; better try it. Ozone is life.

BOOKLET IS FREE.

Let us send you special booklet, "The Great White Plague." It gives the causes of Consumption and the oxygen method of cure by Powley's Liquefied Ozone substantiated by the sworn declarations of Wm. McKay of Sutton, and Mrs. Julia Sheffield, of Zephyr P. O., Ontario, who were, like Mrs. Magnan, cured after they had been given up to die. If you have Consumption, or have not, but know someone who has write to us and we'll send one to any address absolutely free.

50c. and \$1.00 at all Druggists. **THE OZONE CO., OF TORONTO, LIMITED,** Toronto and Chicago.

CURED OF Consumption

Mrs. Magnan, 795 Cadieux St., Montreal was cured of consumption by Powley's Liquefied Ozone. Dr. A. Johnston, 194 Bleury St., Montreal, examined her and reports that she is entirely recovered. Her solemn declaration—that of her husband, Eugene Alphonse Magnan and Miss D. Magnan, together with the two reports of Dr. Johnston are published herewith. They represent in the most convincing manner the fact that Powley's Liquefied Ozone cures pulmonary tuberculosis.

MONUMENTS

BE SURE TO

Get STEWART'S Prices

on Monuments, Cemetery Coping, Imported Scotch Granite Monuments etc. before purchasing elsewhere. Nothing but first-class stone and workmanship.

Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.

VICTORIA UNDERTAKING PARLORS



50 JOHNSON STREET. F. BROOKS, MANAGER. Telephone: Office, 385; Residence, 740.

Jewelry: Sterling Silver Goods

Suitable for Xmas Presents at

E. ANDERNACH

22 GOVERNMENT STREET, (Opposite C. P. R. Telegraph Office.)

COMPETITION THE LIFE OF TRADE.

\$19.00

Buys the Finest

Solid Gold, 14 Karat,

Ladies' Waltham Watch

A bargain that can only be obtained from

STODDART'S JEWELRY STORE.

83 YATES STREET.

ROSLYN GOAL

LUMP OR SACK, \$6.00 per ton

DRY CORD WOOD, \$2.50 per cord

SPLENDID BARK, \$4.00 per cord

J. BAKER & CO.,

Phone 407, 83 Belleville St.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR

San Francisco

Leave Victoria 8 p.m.

Steamships City of Dublin, Unadilla, or Queen, carrying 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100 passengers.

For South-Eastern Alaska.

Leave Victoria, 6 a. m.

Steamship Cottage City, Jan. 1, 16, 31, Feb. 15, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave Seattle, 9 P. M.

Steamship Cottage City, City of Seattle or Albatross, Jan. 1, 16, 31, Feb. 15, and every fifth day thereafter.

YOUR PRESCRIPTION

When dispensed by us is accurate in every detail and just what your doctor intended it should be.

Let Us Prepare Yours.

JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST
N.W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

RIVALRY FOR THE ENGLISH CONTRACT

COMPANIES VIE FOR OLD COUNTRY MAILS

Proposed to Reduce Steamer Time Between Here and Australia—Glenmark Reported in Trouble.

If reports prove well grounded and the Britannia and some other equally fast steamers are placed on the Southern run, British Columbia's commerce with Australia and New Zealand will in all probability receive an impetus and much of the passenger traffic, which now gives San Francisco the lead in the business, will be diverted in this direction. Recent arrivals from Australia state that much discussion is heard in Sydney over the proposed improvement. The company operating the line out of San Francisco are making strenuous endeavors to secure the English mail contracts, claiming advantage over its rival of a day in the transportation of the same. On the same ground they have been bidding for the passenger business and have been successful to a great extent. Now, however, the Union Steamship Company, who are interested heavily in the Canadian line, are out for reducing the time made between Sydney, N.S.W. and Victoria, B. C., and contend that with the acquisition of the 8,500-ton Atlantic steamships which they propose placing on the run, they will reduce the time made on the San Francisco voyage by at least a day, while providing an infinitely faster service to British Columbia than is now furnished. The company, it is said, is also desirous of again securing a connection with New Zealand, which dropped out of the service at the expiration of the mail subsidy with the Canadian steamers a year or so ago.

REPLACES BRISTOL.

The collier Wellington, another of R. Dunnsmuir & Son's fleet of steamers, will take the place of the lost Bristol, carrying coal to the Treadwell mines, but no vessel has yet been found to relieve the former on the San Francisco route. The Wellington will leave Ladysmith today and in passing the scene of the Bristol disaster will keep a close look-out for the missing crew of the Bristol's crew. She will not, however, make any search for the bodies of the men, as mentioned in this morning's paper, nor will she stop at Port Simpson on her way north. Opinions differ widely about the fate of the missing ones, and many still believe that they will turn up safely. The loss of the Bristol emphasizes the need of more aid to navigators on that part of the coast where the steamer struck, and both the Canadian and American shipping men have taken the matter up with a view to recommending to the Dominion officials the desirability of the establishment of a lighthouse somewhere in the locality of Green Island.

APPOINTMENTS TO GRAFTON.

The Naval and Military Record, just to hand, notes the following appointments to H.M.S. Grafton, which is soon to commission for this station: Lieut. W. D. Church (first A. D. P. R. Pound for torpedo duties; R. M. R. West; sub-lieut. Hon. A. R. M. Ramsay; assistant engineers, C. E. Russell and W. S. Deane; midshipmen, M. W. Ward, G. R. Bald, C. B. Evans, A. Wilmet-Smith, H. A. Forster, G. F. Hamrick, D. R. Sashy-Thomson, R. R. W. Fleming and R. L. Clingens; assistant paymasters, E. F. Jones, and W. R. Hodder; and H. W. Woodward, as secretary's clerk; clerk, W. G. Stainer.

VESSEL IN DISTRESS.

Barque Mary A. Troop, from Mollendo for Hastings, is reported to have sighted the British barque Glenmark in distress 22 miles to the southward of Cape Flattery. Both anchors and chains were

gone, and the vessel was waiting assistance. Tugs have since been sent to her rescue and probably ere this have the ship in tow. The vessel is bound from Chananal for the Royal Roads. She is 1,250 tons registered, rated A1 in Lloyd's and is in command of Capt. Johnston.

MARINE NOTES.

The Altavella left for Vancouver this morning in tow of the tug Char, where she will load lumber for Buenos Ayres. H.M.S. Aorangi sailed for Australia last night, the Amur left for Skagway and the Queen City for the West Coast.



To insure publication Church Notices should be handed in at the Times Office not later than 11 a.m.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.
Morning and evening prayer, Canon Beaudouin. The musical portion follows:

Morning.
Voluntary—Elevation Baritone
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum Cathedral Psalter
Hymns 198, 211 and 283
Voluntary—Fantasia Victor Hammer
Evening.
Voluntary—Andante in G Baritone
Processional Hymn 281
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Magnificat
Hymns 198, 211 and 283
Recessional Hymn 179
Voluntary—Pilgrim's Chorus Wagner

ST. JAMES'S.
Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Holy communion at 8; matins, litany and sermon at 11; evening song and sermon at 7. The music follows:

Morning.
Venite Cathedral Psalter
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum Cathedral Psalter
Hymns 78, 178 and 76
Evening.
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Magnificat
Hymns 78, 178 and 76
Solo, Lieut. Howe.
Hymns 81 and 274
Vesper Hymn

ST. JOHN'S.
To-morrow there will be morning prayer and litany at 11, and evening at 7. The rector, Rev. Percival Jones, being the preacher at both services. The musical arrangements are as follows:

Morning.
Organ—Lord God of Abraham, Mendelssohn
Hymns 76, 177 and 218
Organ—March of Priests Mendelssohn
Evening.
Organ—He Was Despaired Handel
Hymns 78, 178 and 28
Organ—Surely He Hath Borne Our Griefs Handel

ST. BARNABAS.
Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Preacher, morning and evening, Rev. E. G. Miller. The musical portion follows:

Morning.
Venite Burrows
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum Sir H. S. Oakley
Benedictus Langdon
Hymns 76, 80 and 70
Evening.
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Singer in G
Hymns 76, 80 and 70
Vesper Hymn

EMMANUEL BAPTIST.
Rev. J. G. Hastings, M. A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject, "The Ascending Life"; evening subject, "Seeking for Hidden Treasure." Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p.m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p.m.

CALVARY BAPTIST.
Rev. J. F. Vichert, M. A., pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p.m.

CHILBLAINS
Prevented and Cured by
GRIFFITHS' MENTHOL LINIMENT
It takes out all inflammation, removes the itching and soreness, kills the pain and takes down the swelling. Gives immediate relief. 25c. and 75c. per bottle.

CROFTON, B. C.

THE FUTURE SMELTING CENTRE

Of the Northwest Coast, situated at Osborne Bay, on the East Coast of Vancouver Island, the terminus of the Lenora Mount Sicker Railway.

Lots will be placed on the market in a few days. For Particulars, apply to Lenora Mount Sicker Copper Mining Company, Limited, Non-Personal Liability, MacGregor Block, Victoria.

TO INVESTORS:

The majority of towns in British Columbia depend on the mineral resources in their vicinity, whether of coal, gold, silver or copper. When the extraction of these from the earth ceases to be a profitable investment, the value of the real estate in such towns ceases, but with a smelter industry to support a town, when same is situated on the sea on which cargoes of ore can be brought from any seaport in the universe, the permanency of the town is assured, and as the mineral resources of the northwest of America are developed, the smelter plant at Crofton will be enlarged and so increase the value of the Real Estate.

FIRE-BACK CEMENT

A preparation of asbestos which wears like iron. It does not matter how ancient the style of your stove is, you can put a new back in it in five minutes at half the cost of an iron one.

FOR SALE BY
A. McGregor & Son, Builders' Hardware.
THE OLD STAND, 95 JOHNSON STREET, PHONE 665.

Morning subject, "An Invitation"; evening subject, "God's Reluctance Misunderstood." There will be special evangelistic services every night during the week, except Saturday, when the pastor will be assisted by the Rev. I. G. Matthews, of New Westminster.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN.
Special musical service. Morning and evening, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, B. A. Sunday school, 2:30; Bible class, 3. The musical portion follows:

Morning.
Organ—Adagio Gullmott
Psalm 44
Offertory—Andante Dubois
Hymns 102, 105 and 113
Solo—Heaven Vilser
Organ—And the Glory Handel
Evening.
Organ—Consolation Mendelssohn
Anthem—I Am Alpha and Omega, Sullivan
Solo, Miss Haughton.
Psalm 23
Solo—Trust in the Lord (Prodigal Son).
Hymns Sullivan
Mr. Herbert Taylor.
Hymn 130
Anthem—The Wilderness Goss
Solos and Trio, Miss Miller, Messrs. Griffiths, Forrester and Taylor.
Offertory—Hymns of Nuns Wely
Solo—I Know That My Redeemer Liveth (Messiah) Handel
Hymn 151
Organ—Hallelujah Handel

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN.
Rev. D. MacRae, pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning service in memorial of late Rev. Dr. Robertson, superintendent of Presbyterian missions.

CONGREGATIONAL.
The usual services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. In the absence of the pastor, who has gone to the Kootenays on church work, the pulpit will be occupied by Rev. Samuel Green, of Seattle, who will preach morning and evening. Sunday school as usual at 2:30 p.m. and Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 8:15 p.m.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST.
Rev. W. H. Barradough, B. A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Morning subject, "Thirty-Three Wonderful Years"; evening subject, "Christ's Compassion." An open session of the Sunday school will be held in the church at 3 p.m., at which the diplomas will be given out, and Rev. Mc. Knott will address the assembled gathering of parents and scholars.

METROPOLITAN METHODIST.
Services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. the pastor, Rev. Elliott S. Howe, being the preacher at both services. Morning

CANCER TREATED SUCCESSFULLY

Without the Need of Operation Paste or Plaster.

There is so much pain and danger in connection with operations for Cancer, so much suffering connected with the use of the paste and plaster, and these methods of treatment have been so unsuccessful, that it is comforting to every Cancer-afflicted one to know that the new Constitutional treatment for this disease involves no more trouble than the taking of a pleasant remedy in the quiet of the home. This remedy goes right through the system, searches out the Cancer germs and destroys them, builds up the health and gradually removes every vestige of the disease. Messrs. Stott & Jury, of Bowmanville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars on receipt of two stamps.

INDIGESTION, THAT MENACE TO HUMAN HAPPINESS, pitiless in its assaults, and no respecter of persons, has met its conqueror in South American Nervine. This great stomach and nerve remedy stimulates digestion, tones the nerves, aids circulation, drives out impurities, dispels emaciation, and brings back the glow of perfect health. Cures hundreds of "chronic" that have baffled physicians. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—68

MUMM'S

The importation and consumption of G. H. Mumm's EXTRA DRY in British Columbia for the year 1901 were TEN times greater than that of all other brands of Champagne combined.

PITHER & LEISER,

IMPORTERS, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER.

Cooks and Butchers
Ham and Beef Carvers. Wilson's 12 inch and 14 inch Steels.
JUST RECEIVED AT **FOX'S, 78 GOVERNMENT STREET**

RUN NO RISKS
ACCIDENT, FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES.
W. A. WARD, LTD,
Bank of Montreal Bldg., 612 Hastings Street, VICTORIA.

Drill Hall Concert TO-NIGHT
REGIMENTAL BAND—ARTHUR SALVINI
NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that one month after date application will be made to the Governor-General in Council for approval of the plans and site of a school proposed to be erected on and opposite to the south half of section one, range eleven, in Chemainus District, Province of British Columbia, which plans, together with a description of said site, have been deposited with the Department of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C. For the Lenora Mount Sicker Copper Mining Company, Limited, Non-Personal Liability.

VICTORIA HARBOR MISSION.
First Sunday after Epiphany. Evening and mission address in the Seamen's Institute, Store street, at 7 p.m. J. S. Bailey, minister.

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD.
The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society, Lodge No. 87, will hold its Lotus Group for children at 2:30 p.m. The Sunday public meetings are held on the first Sunday of each month at 8:15 p.m.

To the Electors of Victoria.
Ladies and Gentlemen: I am a candidate for the office of school trustee, and respectfully solicit your support.
J. S. M. MATSON, Secretary.

To the Electors of North Ward
Ladies and Gentlemen: I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the ensuing municipal election of aldermen for the North Ward, and respectfully solicit your support.
WATSON CLARK.
January 11th, 1902.

MARRIED.
O'BRIEN-MANNING—At Fairview, on Jan. 8th, by Rev. Dr. McLaren, R. W. O'Brien and Miss Ethel M. Manning.

DILWORTH-MULACHIAN. At Vancouver, on Jan. 8th, by Rev. Dr. McLaren, John Dilworth and Miss Kate B. Mulachian.

VERBY-MORE. At Armstrong, on Dec. 21st, by Rev. T. G. McLeod, George Verby, of Okanagan Landing, and Miss Margaret More, of Armstrong.

ROWE-ROBINSON. At Enderby, on Jan. 1st, by Rev. T. G. McLeod, John Rowe and Miss Anne Robinson, of Tyne Head, B. C.

NESBITT. At Bricketon, on Jan. 8th, the wife of J. A. Nesbitt, of a son.

YOUNG. At Nelson, on Jan. 8th, the wife of D. R. Young, of a daughter.

MANNING. At Revelstoke, on Jan. 8th, the wife of F. Manning, of a son.

—Only a few Elder Down Quilts left. The weather is somewhat colder; we may yet have a snap; buy one of our English Quilts. Weller Bros.

Cooks and Butchers
Ham and Beef Carvers. Wilson's 12 inch and 14 inch Steels.
JUST RECEIVED AT **FOX'S, 78 GOVERNMENT STREET**

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ACCIDENT, FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES.
W. A. WARD, LTD,
Bank of Montreal Bldg., 612 Hastings Street, VICTORIA.

Lett's and Canadian Office Diaries

Pocket Diaries and Blank Books of all kinds. Shannon Files and many other office requisites, at

T. N. HIBBEN & CO'S.

Warned! Auction Sale

TUESDAY, 2 P.M.
January 14th

City Auction Mart
55 Broad Street

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Particulars Monday, Tel. 204. W. JONES, Dominion Government Auctioneer.

NOLTE
GLASSES ADJUSTED, 37, EVER TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

THE HINTON ELECTRIC CO. LD.,
VICTORIA, B. C., Agents for British Columbia.

THE WHITE HOUSE FIRE SALE

Store Open To-Night Until 10 O'clock.
Sale Continues All Next Week.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

VICTORIA DAILY TIMES

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1902.

Smart Parisian Skating Costumes



FASHION AT THE PALAIS DE GLACE.

Paris, Saturday.
A year ago I experienced a feeling of keen disappointment on visiting a resort which fashion has adopted as a select place of meeting, and which fully justifies the prediction I refer to the Palais de Glace, and I regretted that my contemporaries, though not lacking in imagination, had

never thought of attempting to create more becoming costumes for skating, which is, of all others, the most graceful of recreations.
My disappointment has not lasted long, for I am delighted with the innovations in this direction which I have discovered. The reality this time exceeds the wildest flights

of imagination. One would say that our pretty maidens have wished to make one ashamed of having doubted their supreme taste in matters of elegance.
It was really amazing that this charming amusement, which can now be enjoyed during the whole year, thanks to the marvellous progress of modern science, had no special costume of its own, like lawn tennis, bicycling, hunting, riding, etc., and I am rejoiced to find that this gap has been filled.

It is evident that furs are the natural ornament and protection in times of snow, ice and hard frost, and for polar temperate climates, though he was never known to kill anything except his dog.
After the dog was dead he asked a friend to accompany him on one of his hunting expeditions, and his friend went. When they returned the friend carried his right arm in a sling, for it was very heavy, being full of bird shot.
Moral.—An aimless man with a gun is dangerous.

Featherstone.—Hullo! what's become of your gold sleeve-links?
Spouter.—I'll tell where they are if you will tell me what time it is by your watch.

When the atmosphere was warm and the horizon limited it became necessary to break with the heavy costumes of former days. On the other hand, the "go" of the pretty skaters is such that I might, perhaps, be too metaphorical a prophetess if I were to predict that at some near period the skating costume will rival that of the lightness. Evidently fur is not excluded from the rink. This winter it is the accompaniment of all kinds of dresses, its juxtaposition, with flowers, tulle and bright colors, is one coquetry more.

On the surface of virgin ice white predominates. There is a flight of white skirts and furred hats, elaborately trimmed, and it is hard to distinguish amid the giddy whirl of enthusiastic "patineuses" the graceful forms that glide by like fugitive visions.
From general observation of the "patineuse moderne" I am inclined to forecast short skirts, but not too short, reaching to the ankle. The raising of the feet would accentuate a too short skirt and render the wearer ungainly. Very fat around the hips, the skirt widens very much at the bottom. It is cut in one length for preference, so as to lend itself to all the bold and flexible movements which the sport involves.
Complications of pleats or shaped bonnets might be ungraceful. The skirt should be broad with the heavy costumes of former days. There is a flight of white skirts and furred hats, elaborately trimmed, and it is hard to distinguish amid the giddy whirl of enthusiastic "patineuses" the graceful forms that glide by like fugitive visions.

White shoes are far the prettiest, especially as their effect is increased by the silvery blade of the skate, as the whiteness blends with that of the immaculate surface of the ice. Thus shod, the pretty skaters resemble sylphs, appearing scarcely to touch the surface over which they glide.
One error that should be avoided is to wear black stockings with white shoes. It is an unpardonable fault, which completely spoils the effect of a recherche costume. The stockings should always match, especially as colored boots or shoes are much in favor just now.
In regard to blouses, hats, girdles and muffs, the boldest flights of fancy are tolerated. It is in the details that personal taste

is displayed. Costumes all of one color are always the most dressy, and I will conclude by giving descriptions of the dresses and details which appeared to me likely to be most interesting to my readers.

A young and beautiful woman, who skated with the maestria of a Paganini of the steel, particularly charmed me. She wore a dress of red liberty velvet, pin spotted with white and lined with pale pink. The corsage, with its long basques, was very pretty; but not well adapted for the exercise, as she was constantly obliged to put it in place. A large capeline of pink mousseline de soie, trimmed with sable and curled ostrich feathers, completed this exquisite vision, making of her a three-quarter picture. A plumed bonnet contrasted as forcibly with her by her beauty as by her dress. She wore a soft, drab hat, partly covered, partly mousquetaire, and turned up in front, with two red feathers. Her blouse was of full blue liberty satin, and her bolero had a turn-down collar of red gauze. Her skirt, straight cut, was of full blue, and her waistcoat of India rubber, dotted with steel; her boots were of drab leerskin, and the lining of the skirt of shaded gray.

Another pretty dress that I noticed was of red velvet. The bolero was square and the skirt cut in crepe, which were edged with chinchilla.

Another costume was of drab cloth, embroidered with herbed holly, giving a bright note, foreshadowing Christmas. Yet another was of bottle green ribbed velvet, trimmed with black and gold braids, and in her evolutions of a giddy waltz the wearer displayed underwear of the delicate white of water lilies. Her blouse was of Irish guilpore, trimmed with a garland of lilies, and her muffs, in the same style, recalled to mind the dream of Ophelia.

I noted two other dazzling apparitions, recalling to mind snow fairies or some hyperborean Valkyrie. One was in white velvet, edged with chinchilla; her bolero, extremely short, showed beneath it a broad waistband of silver. From the wide sleeves emerged clouds of white mousseline de soie; white passementerie and silver tassels were mixed with the fur. The interior was cut up into lily petals of mousseline de soie, spangled with dewdrops. The soft, white felt hat was trimmed with white brambles and eucalyptus.

The other wore a fur-trimmed Irish guilpore, with an ermine stole down the front and continued round the skirt in a wide shaped bonnet. Her ermine toque was trimmed with Christmas roses.

The flora displayed on muffs and hats this winter are exquisite, and at this resort charm even more by their originality. Among other illustrations I noticed a muff and toque of pinks, violets and black camellias; a toque of holly and red bay, trimmed with a tiny band of chinchilla; a hat composed entirely of mistletoe, tassels of red oak foliage, pine cones with fine silver needles—all the ornaments of the forest are laid under contribution, and from this harvest springs an infinite elegance which nuptials itself marvelously to all the surroundings in which fashion deigns to disport herself.

THE MAN AND THE GUN.

Once upon a time a man who led an aimless life used to wander in the woods with his gun and dog, saying that he was a hunter, though he was never known to kill anything except his dog.

After the dog was dead he asked a friend to accompany him on one of his hunting expeditions, and his friend went. When they returned the friend carried his right arm in a sling, for it was very heavy, being full of bird shot.

Moral.—An aimless man with a gun is dangerous.

Featherstone.—Hullo! what's become of your gold sleeve-links?

Spouter.—I'll tell where they are if you will tell me what time it is by your watch.

Miss Phoebe Throble, in "Quality Street," says: "There is a satisfaction in being dressed in the latest fashion that even religion cannot give." Thousands of women will testify to the truth of this saying. And yet there is another view of the question which Miss Phoebe Throble did not mention, but which is, nevertheless, as eminent as true.

There is a satisfaction in being dressed according to one's own individuality which no amount of fashion can give. This is a truth which some women are in danger of forgetting.

I once knew a woman who, to my mind, was always perfectly well dressed. She was not rich. Indeed, she often made her own clothes, and they were never expensive. But she was always exquisite.

Her gowns were always more or less alike. Gray, white and lavender were her colors for summer, black for winter. There was never a look of aggressive stylishness

about her, but neither did she ever look like a fashion plate or a dressed-up shop girl. I once asked her the secret of her invariable success in her gowns, and she said:

"As a girl I realized the great importance of clothes in a woman's life, and I set myself to study the subject for myself. I never had much money to spend on clothes, so from the outset I had to make my plans simpler; but I put a large amount of brain in them. I knew that certain colors became me, so I decided to cling to them, rather than risk failure in experiments."

"I knew that certain general lines suited my face and figure, so I made up my mind that my dresses should always be modeled more or less on them, with changes to keep within the limits of fashion. You would be surprised to see how easy it is to adapt one's style, and I can wear a gown three times as long as another woman who goes in for extremes."

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"Black always seemed to me appropriate for the street, and restful, besides, in that it approaches closest to the conventional costume for women. So my street dresses and thick winter dresses are always black. Pink and pearl gray used to be my light colors, but of late years I have substituted lavender for pink.
"I have my summer frocks very simple, so that I may have more of them, and can have them washed freely. A little old and very fine lace which I possess goes daily every year, worn in slightly varying ways. My collars and cuffs I always make myself. They are a kind of 'pick-up' work such as every woman needs now and then, and they mark, by their tastefulness and freshness, the perfect lady.
"A pretty collar, of original design and carefully worked, adds a touch to a black gown which no amount of expensive 'style' could attain. And, moreover, it shows personality. It is an expression of myself.
"That, in a word, is what I try for in my clothes—the expression of my own personality."
And she succeeded. This is what I call perfect dressing—dainty, appropriate, thoughtful. Why won't more women try for it?
We Americans are so imitative and so lacking in originality that the very idea of such an innovation would make most of my young lady friends' pompadours stand on end. And yet, dear young ladies, the French women, whose taste in dress you have seen your necks and pocketbooks imitate, do that very thing.
They are original. They do not conform to any custom mode, but give their brains some play in dressmaking. Hence that je ne sais quoi about a French gown which defies copying.
Now, why not be French dressmakers yourselves? Study the subject. Become artists in it. If you do not want to do the manual labor yourselves, hire the hands to do it for you. But your own brains into every dress you wear. Find what is becoming and wear it.
It may distress you at first to lose your place among the job lot of dolls which the dressmakers turn out to strut in Fifth Avenue every season. It may be some comfort to you, however, not to meet your living image as far as dress goes, chewing gum on a corner in company with other fashion plates, gotten up cheaply to imitate "the sweetest dresses."
And, what is more, you will be expressing yourself in your clothes—if there is anything in you to express. You are made to admire you the more for it. Men are creatures of habit and like what they are used to. How often do we hear a father or brother say:
"Don't put on that new rig. I don't like you in it." Wear that brown, or green, or whatever it may be dress that you had last year. That's the prettiest thing you have.
"But, heavens! it is not in the style."
"Isn't it?" says the poor perplexed man. "Well, then, have one that is in style, but something like it. It was becoming."
Now, the truth is, the man was used to you in that dress, and he liked it. It was you to him. Men hate anything that breaks into their habits. Let the men you know learn your style in clothes, and they will come back to you with a delicious feeling of rest after the kaleidoscope changes which they see each season work among their girl friends.
Above all, though, avoid extremes. Because you are resolved not to be a fashion plate, don't turn deaconess. Don't "adopt a costume" or wear big sleeves in a small sleeve year, or any other such straggled nonsense.
Adopt the happy medium, and let that medium become you.
There is the whole secret.
Your looks will gain by it.
Your character will gain.
Your pocketbook will gain immensely.
And, best of all, you will be saved that inevitable nervous breakdown and trip to Philadelphia which lies in store for every American woman of today, and which is brought on by the desperate effort to "keep up" and to live everybody else's life instead of living your own and being yourself.
LOUISA M. GREEN.

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"I have my summer frocks very simple, so that I may have more of them, and can have them washed freely. A little old and very fine lace which I possess goes daily every year, worn in slightly varying ways. My collars and cuffs I always make myself. They are a kind of 'pick-up' work such as every woman needs now and then, and they mark, by their tastefulness and freshness, the perfect lady.
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FASHION CHAT.

A Word as to What Well-Dressed Women Are Wearing Now and What They Will Wear.

As to the muffs—they are simply enormous—perfect "grannie" muffs of our great-grandmothers.

The three-quarter-length coat, which is really the new coat of the winter, is seen with many cloth suits and promises to be quite popular.

Suits of corduroy, which is an inexpensive and most durable material, are much liked, and very much worn, by young matrons and girls. These suits answer for all but extremely formal occasions.

So many blouses and shirt-waists are worn that the belt is an important adjunct—in fact, it is attention to just such little details that makes the well-dressed woman, combined with that excellent habit—neatness.

Hats are worn in every imaginable form—that is, as to the sorts and kinds of materials. But many of the new models show belts to match the trimmings of the gowns. In size they are either very narrow or very wide. Some fasten in the back, being laced together with ribbons through round loops of steel.

Just a few words as to hats, which were never prettier, with a simplicity of shape and coloring that is very restful and charming. The low, flat trimming is still the best, and the hats themselves are tilted a wee bit, but the tilt must not be too marked. All sorts of beavers and soft silky felts are worn. Of course, velvet is worn, too, but only with one's best frock. Ostrich feathers are becoming luxuries nowadays, so they are kept more strictly for picture hats.

—Virginia Louis Halston, in the Ladies' Home Journal.

A LAND OF HORRORS.

In view of the recent expedition to the South Pole, the following particulars will be read with interest:

Captain Cook was the first man to inspect Antarctica, and he did not venture very close to it. In 1773 he sailed entirely around it, but only once did he approach the seventieth parallel of south latitude. Then he got as far as 71 degrees and 10 minutes. It was a wonderful achievement for a sailing vessel, and his brave commander expressed the opinion that nobody would ever surpass his record.

He described the country as of an inexpressibly horrid aspect, beset by violent winds, snowstorms, and fog-doomed never to feel the warmth of the sun's rays, but to lie buried in everlasting snow and ice.

"The ports which may be on the coast are wholly filled with ice and snow," said Captain Cook. "If one of them should be so far open as to invite a ship to enter it, the latter would run a risk of being fixed there for ever, or, perhaps, coming out some day an ice island."

The snowfalls are excessively heavy, and the temperature rarely rises above the freezing-point, even in summer. The land is covered with huge mountains and glaciers, many of the former being active volcanoes, which continually belch forth streams of molten lava, so that fire and frost seem to contend with each other for control.

To make a landing on any part of the shore line being marked by continuous cliffs of solid ice hundreds of feet high. From this ice barrier extends seaward a fringe of field ice, outside of which countless icebergs float about, menacing any ship that may come near.

The outlying volcanic islands are themselves covered with snow and ice, and on many of them are active volcanoes of great size. The mainland seems to be a true continent, with a fundamental formation of gneiss and later fossil-bearing strata of sandstone and limestone. The ocean in its neighborhood is full of animal life—seals, whales, and porpoises.—Exchange.

A BUILDER—ARE YOU LOSING WEIGHT?—The Dr. & Emulsion will always help and build you up. Restores proper digestion and brings back health. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

To the Electors of the City of Victoria.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for school trustee at the ensuing election. If elected, the business of the board will give me my constant care. Your votes and interest are respectfully solicited.

B. S. ODDY.

To the Electors of the City of Victoria.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request of a number of ratepayers, I offer myself as a candidate for school trustee at the ensuing election. Your votes and influence are respectfully solicited.

EDWARD ARMAN LEWIS.

To the Electors of Victoria.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of school trustee.

DEAMONT BOGGS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to William Henry Vickers and Edward William Hickle of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the California Hotel, situate at the corner of Washington Alley and Johnson Street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 20th day of December, 1901.

J. S. ROLLIN.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Comox District, on the East by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 56th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the B. & N. Railway Land Grant.

LEONARD HOLLY, Land Commissioner.

NOTICE.

No person is authorized to receive any debts on my account without my written order.

(Signed) J. B. ORDANO, Cowichan.

VICTORIA CITY SOUTH WARD.

To the Electors:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the ensuing municipal election of aldermen for the South Ward, and to solicit your support.

THORNTON FELL.

December 17th, 1901.

To the Electors of South Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the forthcoming election of aldermen for the South Ward, and to solicit your vote and influence.

I shall take steps before the election to place my views on municipal matters before you.

G. H. BARNARD.

December 14, 1901.

To the Electors of South Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request of a large number of ratepayers, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for alderman for re-election in the South Ward, and would most respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

JOHN HALL.

To the Electors of South Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the forthcoming election of aldermen for the South Ward, and respectfully solicit the favor of your vote and influence.

F. W. VINCENT.

Victoria, B. C., December 19th, 1901.

To the Electors of South Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Having decided to come out for re-election for the South Ward, I respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

Yours truly,

H. COOLBY.

To the Electors of South Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request of many ratepayers, I offer myself as a candidate for re-election as alderman for the South Ward, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

W. G. CAMERON.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for re-election at the ensuing election of aldermen for the Central Ward, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

J. STUART YATES.

To the Electors of the Central Ward.

At the request of a number of citizens, I have decided to offer myself as a candidate at the ensuing election of aldermen for the Central Ward, and solicit your support.

A. P. LUSTON.

To the Electors of Centre Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the solicitation of a number of ratepayers, I have decided to become a candidate at the forthcoming election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

EDWARD BRAGG.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request of a large number of ratepayers, I have decided to become a candidate for alderman in the North Ward at the coming municipal election, and ask your vote and influence.

WM. HUMPHREY.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the solicitation of a large number of electors, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for alderman for Central Ward at the approaching municipal election, and beg respectfully to solicit your votes and influence. Your support is respectfully solicited.

THOS. I. WORTHINGTON.

December 16th, 1901.

To the Registered Voters of Central Ward.

The undersigned will be a candidate in the above Ward at the election to be held on the 16th January next. Your votes and influence will be appreciated.

R. T. WILLIAMS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request of a large number of ratepayers, I have decided to become a candidate for alderman in the North Ward at the coming municipal election, and ask your vote and influence.

H. M. GRAHAM.

Victoria, B. C., 20th Dec., 1901.

To the Electors of North Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the ensuing municipal election of aldermen for the North Ward, and respectfully solicit your support.

GEORGE JEEVES.

To the Electors of North Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I am a candidate for alderman to represent the above Ward for the ensuing year. The indication is that matters of great importance will have to be dealt with by the next council. Should you favor me with a vote at the election I will do my best to carry out your wishes.

Respectfully yours,

A. G. MCANDLESS.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, 1902.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the CITY HALL, in the aforesaid City, on MONDAY, the 13th day of JANUARY, 1902, from 12 (noon) to 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor or Aldermen.

The mode of Nomination of Candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p. m. of the day of the Nomination, and in event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on THURSDAY, the 16th day of JANUARY, 1902, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., in the manner following:

For the office of MAYOR, in the Court Room of the City Hall, aforesaid.

For the office of ALDERMAN for the North Ward, at the Public Market Building, Cornmarket Street.

For the office of ALDERMAN for the Central Ward, at the Public Market Building, Cornmarket Street.

For the office of ALDERMAN for the South Ward, at the Public Market Building, Cornmarket Street, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as Mayor of the City of Victoria shall be such persons as are male British Subjects of the full age of Twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the nomination, registered owner in the Land Registry Office of Land or Real Property in the City of Victoria of the assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll of One Thousand Dollars, or more, over and above any registered incumbrance or charge, and who are otherwise duly qualified as Municipal voters.

The persons qualified to be nominated for, and elected as ALDERMAN of the City of Victoria, shall be such persons as are male British Subjects of the full age of Twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner in the Land Registry Office of Land or Real Property in the City of Victoria of the assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll of Five Hundred Dollars, or more, over and above any registered incumbrance or charge, and who are otherwise duly qualified as Municipal voters.

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, the 4th day of January, 1902.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,

Returning Officer.

Municipal Notice.

ELECTION OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the CITY HALL, in the aforesaid City, on MONDAY, the 13th day of JANUARY, 1902, from 12 (noon) to 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing FOUR persons as members of the Board of Trustees for Victoria City School District.

Any person being a householder in the School District, and being a British Subject of the full age of Twenty-one years, and otherwise qualified by the "Public Schools Act" to vote at an election of School Trustees in the said School District, is eligible to be elected or to serve as a School Trustee.

The mode of Nomination of Candidates shall be as follows:

The Candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p. m. of the day of the Nomination, and in event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on THURSDAY, the 16th day of JANUARY, 1902, in the Court Room of the City Hall aforesaid, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., at which time and place each elector who is duly qualified to vote for Mayor, will be entitled to cast his vote for FOUR candidates for members of the Board of School Trustees, but may only cast one vote for any one candidate, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, the 4th day of January, 1902.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,

Returning Officer.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Co., Ltd.

LOCATION OF WORKS, DIXON CREEK, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of said Company held on November 22nd, 1901, an assessment of (¼) one-fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the undersigned. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the first day of January, 1902, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale by public auction, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the first day of February, 1902, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of the sale.

Quesnel, B. C., Nov. 29th, 1901.

W. A. JOHNSON,

Secretary.

NOTICE.

Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway and Navigation Company.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next ensuing session thereof by and on behalf of the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern Railway and Navigation Company for an Act extending the time fixed by Section 4 of the Act of said Parliament, 61 Victoria, Chapter 80, for the completion and putting in operation of the Railway of the Company.

Dated this 24th day of December, 1901.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA & EASTERN RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1901.

ASSETS.

LIABILITIES.

RECAPITULATION.

RECEIPTS.

EXPENDITURES.

STATEMENT.

Showing Details of Miscellaneous Receipts.

Showing Details of Miscellaneous Expenditures.

Showing Details of Miscellaneous Receipts.

Corporation of the City of Victoria.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1901.

ASSETS.

LIABILITIES.

RECAPITULATION.

RECEIPTS.

EXPENDITURES.

STATEMENT.

Showing Details of Miscellaneous Receipts.

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